Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 21. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1895. No. 158

FOR THE Summer.

STERLING SILVER BELT BUCKLES, HAT PINS, COMBINATION SETS FOR LADIES, and a host of other handsome and useful articles.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

The Westside Sale!
SECOND WEEK.
Still Greater Reductions!
What we intend doing for
A BIG JULY TRADE

We have made still further reductions in prices in ALL DEPARTMENTS for this week and are prepared to meet any quotations made by others in the trade.

China Silk, 27 inches wide . . . 35c per yd
Ladies' Hose, "Hermsdorf Dye" 16½c per pair
Art Draperies, ... 18c per pair
Flannelettes, ... 25 yards for $1.00
Prints, guarant'd fast colors, 5½ & 7½ c per yd
Great Bargains in Embroideries.
Summer Dress Goods Greatly Reduced.

Deception has lost many a profitable customer and hurried trade into other channels. If your purchase is not entirely satisfactory return the goods and your money will be refunded.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

July 5th, 1895.

WE GOT OUR PRICES SO LOW
We were under the Floor.

But we are selling Olympic Flour at $1.00.
Yosemite Hams, 14c. Hungarian Flour, $1.35.
Sugar has gone up a peg---21 lbs. for $1.00
Try our 20 cent tea. You will come again.
Mason's Jam Jars, jammed down.
Look for our snaps. The Shop is full of them.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.
61 YATES STREET VICTORIA.
AGENTS FOR
The Brantford Mower,
Wisner Hay Tedders,
Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes,
Massey-Harris Steel Frame Wide-open Binder.
AGENTS---New Westminster, T. J. TRAPP; - Vernon, F. C. COSTERTON.

We are still at the same old stand and in the same business. Our stock can be relied upon as much as ever it could, and we're still treating our customers just as we have always done.

A. GREGG & SON,
Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

THE CABINET CRISIS

The Expiring Remains of a Corrupt and Incapable Administration.

The Government Blundering to Its Fall—A Policy of Mischief and Muddle.

Lord Aberdeen Arrives on a Special and is Quartered at the Russell.

Ottawa, July 9.—In the house yesterday after Foster had given the government's ultimatum on the Manitoba school question, and on a motion to adjourn the house Laurier said: "I take advantage of this motion to ask the leader of the house if he can give any information in regard to the rumor that is now current that three members of the cabinet have resigned."

Foster—I can give no information to my hon. friend, but I advise him not to put his trust in rumors.

Laurier—Then I inform my hon. friend that I shall renew this question to-morrow and shall then take the opportunity of drawing the attention of the house to it.

McCarthy—I should like to ask the leader of the house whether there is the authority of his excellency the governor-general for the announcement made as to a meeting of parliament in January next. The hon. gentleman did not say whether he had such authority and it seems to me that an announcement that parliament would be convened by a certain day and another session be called is rather usurping the prerogative of his excellency unless the government had such authority.

Foster—My friend will be pleased to hear that we have not usurped the prerogative of his excellency in this regard.

Davin moved that it was expedient to apply $20,000 to the aid of establishing creameries and cheese factories in the Northwest Territories and that the government should consider the propriety of increasing the customs duty on butter from 4 to 6 cents a pound in order to enable the Northwest farmers to compete with Australians in the home market.

The Nova Scotia and South Shore railway bill was under discussion when the house adjourned.

Lord Aberdeen, who was telegraphed for last night, arrived here at 11:30 by special train, and has taken up his quarters at the Russell House. Shortly after his arrival the premier and he had a long interview. It has just leaked out to-day that the trouble between the French ministers and the government started with Mr. Haggart and Mr. Angers, who have had some differences of opinion in the past. In the first place the Quebec ministers agreed to delay and also to the terms of the statement with the exception of that part which refers to Manitoba. The French ministers objected to any statement which would go from them as looking to any settlement from Manitoba, as they do not believe that Manitoba contemplates doing anything. What they, therefore, wanted was that this part of the statement should be left out, or, at any rate, modified. The most objectionable clause of the statement is that which says: "The Dominion government is most unwilling to take any action which can be interpreted as forestalling or precluding such a desirable consummation," meaning the settlement by Manitoba. Seeing the government would not change the wording of the document, then the French ministers asked that the announcement be delayed for 24 hours longer. Haggart is reported to have told Angers in anything but courteous language that the government would not do anything of the kind, and that if the French ministers did not like it they could stay away. It was then that the rupture commenced and which has been going on ever since. Angers feels particularly aggrieved. Caron was with Bowell this forenoon, and had a long interview. Sir Adolphe has not resigned, but he promised to stay with his colleagues to see and get the matter settled.

The latest information is that if Angers would withdraw his resignation the other two ministers will return at once. This Angers refused to do. A full caucus of the Liberals was held at 2 o'clock to-day. All members were telegraphed for to come here. The Conservative whips also telegraphed to-day for all their members.

Latest—There was intense excitement when the house met this afternoon and the chamber was crowded. The Countess of Aberdeen occupied a seat on the floor of the house. Amongst those in the galleries were a score of priests.

In reply to Laurier, Foster said he was not authorized by His Excellency to make any announcement except that he had received no resignations. Laurier said the statement was not satisfactory, as there could be no doubt there was a ministerial crisis. His Excellency had cancelled his proposed trip to St. John's and had returned. Moreover there are two seats vacant, and though the occupants might not have tendered their resignations to His Excellency they are not in harmony with the government. Another gentleman in the other house, a member of the government, had not been in his seat for two days, showing that they were undoubtedly in the midst of a crisis. When it is known that three members representing a leading province are out of office they had reached a position in which the government was not capable of carrying on the business of the country, and it had no right to ask for supplies, and he therefore moved that the house adjourn to permit the government to make the necessary arrangements to either fill the vacancies or to resign.

Foster thought it unprecedented that on mere rumor (opposition laughter) the leader of the opposition should make this statement. Laurier had received the whole modicum of authentic information he had to give and should have waited in calm and statesmanlike manner instead of concluding that because there were vacant seats the ministers were not in harmony with the government. He had no ground for making the statement. Mills spoke in the same strain as Laurier. Langevin opposed the motion on the ground that it was premature. Mr. Dupont said the explanations were not satisfactory but he would not at this juncture support the motion. A motion to adjourn was defeated by a majority of 39. McCarthy, O'Brien and Lepine voted with the opposition. Lariviere and Joncas would not vote.

The government has decided not to loan $2,500,000 to the Winnipeg & Great Northern railway company. It is proposed instead to re-arrange the bond of $80,000 per year.

Toronto July 9.—The feeling in Ontario on the announcement that no remedial legislation will be introduced this session is a very mixed one. It goes without saying that the Catholics who desired the re-establishment of separate schools for their Manitoba co-religionists are by no means pleased. They would have preferred a declaration of non-interference to the weak-kneed policy of postponing the inevitable for a few months. It is the extreme government supporter alone who is comparatively content, as he sees in the policy of delay a lease of power until next January with the hope that something may turn up in the meantime to get Sir Mackenzie Bowell out of the hole into which he has blundered.

FIRE AT CHILLIWACK.

Livery Stable Destroyed and Hotel Narrowly Escapes.

New Westminster, July 9.—The fine livery stable attached to Mrs. Harrison's hotel at Chilliwack was burned at 2:30 this morning. The fire had made great progress when discovered and there was only time to save the horses and rigs. The other contents were destroyed. The loss amounted to $1200 and insurance to $600, in the North American Insurance Co. The origin of the fire is unknown. The hotel had a narrow escape from destruction.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Two furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping, in open part of town; terms must be moderate. Apply to J. P., Times office. july9-2t

WANTED—A respectable girl as general servant in small family. Apply to Mrs. Worsfold, 128 Richardson street. july 9-1

FURNISHED HOUSE to let or for sale—seven rooms; beautifully situated in the heart of the city. For particulars address "Property," Times office. july9-tf

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—for housekeeping or single; ten minutes from post office. 63 Superior street. July9-tf.

FOR SALE—Cow and Calf, good milker. Mrs. Batchelor, Oakland Avenue. jy9-2t

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital
(INCORPORATED 1890.)

TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received for supplying the above institution from 1st August, 1895, to 30th June, 1896, for the following articles, to be delivered free: Meat, Vegetables, Groceries, Bread, Milk, Drugs and Wood; also for Scavenging and Laundry work.

Tenders to be sent to the undersigned on or before noon of the 20th July, 1895.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to

H. M. YATES,
Secretary, Bastion Square.

July9-td.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER

Mortgagee's Sale.

I am instructed to sell by public auction on Saturday, July 20th, at 12 o'clock, at salesroom, Bastion square, all that piece or parcel of land known as Lot 8, Block 34, city and suburbs of New Westminster, and the southwest quarter of Section 6, Township 15, east of Coast Meridian, New Westminster District, containing 160 acres (more or less), owned by R. W. Armstrong. Also Lots 7, 8, 9 and 10, Block 332, City of Vancouver, and part of District Lot 526, south of False Creek, Vancouver.

jy9-1it JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

THE CUBAN INSURRECTION.

Bloody Fights Between the Spaniards and the Struggling Insurgents.

Victory for the Spanish—Heavy Loss in Killed and Wounded on Both Sides.

Havana, July 9.—A serious engagement has taken place between the Spanish troops under the command of Col. Azaur and General Antonio Maceo, the insurgent commander, at the head of a large force of revolutionists. Two hundred and eighty of the latter were killed.

It appears Major Sanchez received information to the effect that a force of 1,500 insurgents, under the command of Rabi, had occupied strong positions near Manzanillo, province of Santiago de Cuba. Consequently the Major sent a messenger to his superior officer, Col. Azaur, as at first cabled, proposing to the colonel that they should join their forces and make an attack upon the insurgents. The messenger, however, fell into the hands of the insurgents, who hanged him and sent word to Sanchez in the name of Colonel Azaur to make an attack upon the insurgent position from a point which compelled the troops to approach the insurgents through a narrow thoroughfare. Major Sanchez recognized the difficulty of the movement. He was apparently directed by his colonel to send forward two advance pickets of 12 and 30 men respectively, under the command of two sergeants, with instructions to push forward right and left of the narrow thoroughfare referred to, and to be careful to take up advantageous positions from which they could protect the advance of the main body of troops under Sanchez's command. The sergeants cleverly followed out the instructions given them. Major Sanchez then advanced carefully on the insurgents' position, protecting his men by every inequality of the ground, but, as he expected, the troops were no sooner inside the defile than the insurgents attacked them in force. The first charges of the insurgents were made with enthusiasm, and their machetes played havoc among the troops, who were hemmed in and unable to reply on account of the narrow road they had to follow, but it was here that the two advance pickets, under the sergeants, came to the rescue. From their elevated positions they kept up a continuous and well directed fire upon the insurgents within range, and eventually, assisted by a charge of the Spanish troops, compelled them to retreat. The troops pushed forward after them, and once in the open, they charged the insurgents with great courage and compelled them to retreat hastily. The insurgents then sought refuge in the strong position they had previously left in order to attack the troops, but the soldiers carried this position and put the enemy to flight with the loss of 280 killed. The troops lost fifty men killed and wounded. It was at first reported that the insurgents were commanded by General Maceo, but it was since learned that they were under the command of Rabi alone, and that Maceo took no part in the engagement. In another fight reported from Veguita, the insurgents under Rabi lost five killed and had many wounded, while on the side of the troops one officer and four soldiers were wounded.

News of another defeat of the insurgents has reached here from Bollamotas, in the province of Santa Clara. Bollamotas was garrisoned by one officer and fifty soldiers, who occupied a fortified barracks building. The place was attacked by the insurgents under Castillo. The enemy built a large fire to windward of the barracks, and the flames communicated to the building. The insurgent leader then sent word to the officer in command of the garrison, the soldiers forming part of the union battalion, notifying him to surrender under pain of being burned alive with his men. The officer sent word to Castillo that he preferred to die fighting or be burned to death than surrender to the insurgents. In the meanwhile, some of the soldiers succeeded in extinguishing the flames which threatened to consume the barracks, and while they were doing so the rest of the garrison kept up a continuous fire from their rifles upon the insurgents. The latter replied from every point, but the garrison held out gallantly for two hours. The news of the insurgents' attack had, in the meantime, been communicated to a detachment of Spanish soldiers in the neighborhood and they pushed forward with all possible speed to the relief of the garrison. The moment they reached that place a brisk fire was opened upon the insurgents, and the latter immediately retired, leaving many dead and wounded on the field. On the side of the troops, only three men were killed and four wounded.

The insurgents have burned a church in the Santie Spiritus district, province of Santa Clara. Captain General Martinez de Campos has left Placetas for Santie Spiritus.

Twenty-nine persons have been sent to the Island of Pines for participating in political conspiracies.

First-class Monuments, Headstones and Cemetery Coping at very low prices at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

Another Asylum Scandal in Germany—Encouraging Harvest Prospects.

Henry Matthews Has Been Raised to the Peerage—Russo-Chinese Loan.

London, July 9.—The lists issued this evening show that there are 118 seats with Liberal candidates and 20 without Unionist candidates.

A cloud burst on Saturday night destroyed half of the village of Olanesot in the district of Valcea, Austria. Many persons perished and ten bodies have been recovered. In other villages there was much damage.

The Daily News correspondent at Berlin telegraphs to that paper that a surprise visit by an official committee made to the private lunatic asylum of Hans Kemmen, near Ameisduren, belonging, like the the notorious Mariaberg asylum, to the Alexian brotherhood, revealed such gross scandals that the provincial administration talk of closing it and rebuilding.

A dispatch to the Times from Kolar says an attempt has been made at Seoul to arrest Prince Pak, the home minister. It is surmised that the affair is connected with an attempt of the Queen's party to overthrow the Japanese ascendancy in Corea.

The Standard's Paris correspondent says that the Russo-China loan is quoted at 2½ premium.

The Daily News says this morning that it is the opinion in yachting circles that if Valkyrie III fails to win the cup the Americans will get a respite from defending it, but that a strong attempt will be made in that case to induce the Defender to come to the Clyde in 1896.

Advices from Caracas, Venezuela, say: The activity of the political agents of ex-President Guzman Blanco makes it evident that he is in the field to succeed President Crespo. His absorbing ambition is to rule all the northern part of South America. An opponent says his plans will be to induce ambitious people to join their services with him in a wild scheme of consolidating Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru into a grand imperial confederation, with himself at its head. His ultimate design is probably to declare himself emperor, guaranteeing parliamentary government. Home rule will be a part of his programme.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Odessa says that the harvest prospect in the south of Russia is highly encouraging for all cereals except rye, the yield of which, it is expected, will be 40 per cent below the average.

The Times announces that on Wednesday, at St. Mary's church, Heacham, Norfolk, Mr. Herbert Ingleby, of Valentine, Essex, married Miss Florence, daughter of Mr. Justice Hall, of the Queen's Bench, Montreal.

Rt. Hon. Henry Matthews, who was home secretary in Lord Salisbury's cabinet in 1888-92, has been raised to a peerage. Mr. John Atkinson, Q. C., has been made attorney-general for Ireland, the position he occupied in Lord Salisbury's last government.

The Argentine government has purchased the Italian cruiser Garibaldi, and is negotiating for another.

Trieste, Austria, July 8.—A severe shock of earthquake occurred at Laibacha, Austria, to-day, which damaged many houses. Laibacha was the victim of a series of very severe earthquakes on the night of April 14th, of this year, and they continued with unabating severity during April 16, 17, 18.

Paris, July 8.—Mr. Eustis has been questioned in regard to the alleged interview with him published in the Figaro this morning. He said: "I have not been interviewed and I have not consented to or authorized the publication of an opinion from myself on any of the questions discussed in the alleged interview."

Santiago de Cuba, July 8.—The ministerial crisis threatens to involve the resignation of the president.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

DROUGHT IN ONTARIO.

Famine for Water—No Food for Cattle and Ruin Inevitable.

Toronto, July 9.—Alarming reports of the severity of the drought and loss occasioned thereby come in from all parts of Ontario. Creeks, wells and water holes have dried up, and in many cases farmers have to go miles for water. There is no feed for stock and farmers are cutting down trees for their beasts to browse on. A Chesley farmer went insane through his losses, and ruin stares thousands in the face. Merchants in various towns refuse to buy goods from commercial travelers until rain comes. To add to the farmers' misery, grasshoppers have appeared and threaten the remainder of those crops which the drought has spared.

—For coughs of any kind, use Adams' Horehound Tutti Frutti. It cures. Refuse imitations.

—All kinds of cutlery at Fox's.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Kingston, Ont., July 9.—J. H. Lindsay, compositor on the Buffalo Express for eighteen years, died on Saturday at his father's residence in this city.

Winnipeg, July 8.—It is learned that Archbishop Langevin and Rev. Father Guillette, rector of St. Mary's church, leave for Quebec on Thursday to raise funds for the support and maintenance of Roman Catholic separate schools in Winnipeg and the province, and they propose to accomplish this object by an allotment or prize drawing scheme. The details of the plan have not yet been arranged, but it is understood to be the intention to have the drawings take place in the province of Quebec, the tickets being placed on sale in all the chief cities of the Dominion.

Portage la Prairie, July 8.—John Munro's stables were burned last night.

Selkirk, Man., July 8.—Indian Agent McKay left here yesterday for Lake Winnipeg points with the treaty money for the Indians. The amount reaches $15,000. He was followed by a large number of traders.

Montreal, July 8.—The United Green Glass Workers' Association of the United States, opened their nineteenth annual convention in the Masonic chambers to-day. The convention will last ten days at the rate of eight hours per day.

Kingston, July 8.—Owing to the continued drought and its serious effect on the crops, prayers were recited in St. Mary's cathedral yesterday for rain.

Toronto, July 8.—The trial of Thomas and Hettie Gray, charged with the murder of David Scollie, Otonabee, will take place at the assizes which open Sept. 24.

Kingston, July 8.—The electric street cars ran all day Sunday and carried about 5,000 passengers to and from the free Methodist camp meeting at Ontario park. Though the names of the motormen and conductors were secured by the authorities, it is not likely that any action will be taken. The charter of the company reads that cars are to be run every day of the week, the word "lawful" in some manner having been omitted.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

Day's Doings in the Various States of the Republic.

New York, July 9.—A local paper has the following: "The deal by which the Vanderbilt interests get control of the new Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo railroad has been put through. According to the provisions of the deal the Canadian Pacific will operate the line from Toronto and Buffalo as soon as it is completed. The Canadian Pacific will have the privilege of running direct to the Grand Central station over the New York Central tracks, and will put on solid trains from Toronto to New York via Hamilton.

Buffalo, July 9.—In this connection the Courier says this morning: "Now that this deal has been consummated it becomes of great importance to Buffalo, as it insures another all rail line to Toronto and breaks up the monopoly that for years has been enjoyed by the Grand Trunk.

Washington, July 9.—The treasury officials as yet have received no information in confirmation of the report from Montreal that the United States customs officials have discovered that large numbers of Chinamen were being smuggled into the United States from Canada, nor have the officials any information of there being twelve or any number of officers sent to Montreal on this mission as stated. While it is probably true that an occasional Chinaman succeeds in getting across the line, it is not believed that three hundred or any considerable number have been smuggled into this country.

Weak and Nervous

Whenever the body has been weakened by disease, it should be built up by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this:

"About two years ago I suffered with a very severe attack of inflammation of the bowels. When I began to recover I was in a very weak and nervous condition, and suffered intensely with neuralgic pains in my head, which caused loss of sleep, and having no appetite, I

Became Very Thin

and weak. Fortunately a friend who had used Hood's Sarsaparilla with great benefit, kindly recommended me to try it. I did so and a perfect cure has been effected. I am now as well as I ever was, and I would not be without Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house for anything." MRS. O. KERN, 245 Manning Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

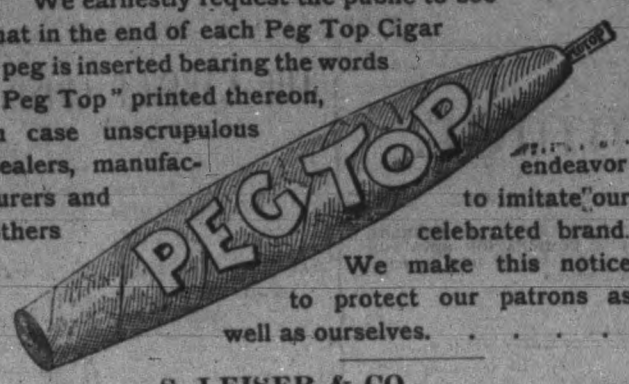
True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to effect. 25c.

Warning to the Public.

We earnestly request the public to see that in the end of each Peg Top Cigar a peg is inserted bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers and others endeavor to imitate our celebrated brand. We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves. . . . .



S. LEISER & CO.,

Sole Agents for British Columbia.

FITZSIMMONS' LIBEL CASE

The Chief Justice Grants Application to Remove Proceedings to Victoria.

And Denies All Connection With the Reinstatement of the Deputy Warden.

(From Columbian, July 6.)

An application was made this morning before Chief Justice Davie in the Supreme Court by Mr. Morrison, counsel for Fitzsimmons, to change all the proceedings in the libel suit of Fitzsimmons vs. Kennedy Bros. from the Westminster registry to the Victoria registry, on the ground that the plaintiff could not get his interlocutory applications heard, as Mr. Justice McCreight had refused to hear the same, he being concerned in the matters at issue.

This application was refused by Mr. McColl, Q. C., with him Mr. Gayner, counsel for the defendants, on the ground that it might entail a change of venue, which the defendants opposed, and on the further ground that the proceedings might be taken before Mr. Bole, or before a judge in Vancouver.

After hearing counsel for both parties the chief justice made an order transferring the proceedings to the Victoria registrar, specially exempting from the order the question of venue, and giving liberty to both parties to apply as to that question as they should be advised. In making the change to Victoria instead of Vancouver, the chief justice gave his reasons that he considered any party to an action being proceeded with in a place where a Supreme court judge resides was entitled to apply to a Supreme court judge in respect of any proceeding in the action, and that, as the sittings of the full court, which commence on Monday next, would probably last two or three weeks, in which time the action could be ready for trial, it would probably be impossible to get a Supreme court judge even in Vancouver.

The chief justice, referring to the question of venue, said that it appeared to him that, if an application for its change were made, as it was a matter of public knowledge that the grand jury had already publicly condemned Mr. Fitzsimmons, he did not see very well how the application could be refused.

After signing the order, Chief Justice Davie referred to certain reports that had appeared in the press relative to his connection with the reinstatement of Deputy Warden Fitzsimmons. He said that it had been reported that he had obtained a promise from the late premier that he would reappoint Fitzsimmons. This statement was untrue. The only connection he had with the matter was that, on one occasion, in conversation with the late Sir John Thompson, the latter had informed him that it was the intention of the government to reappoint Fitzsimmons. Mr. Davie considered that this was simply communicated to him as a piece of news, in which he, as a resident of the province, would be interested. With reference to the alleged communication from the present minister of justice to an officer of a political association, to the effect that the late Sir John Thompson had promised him (Mr. Davie) to reinstate Mr. Fitzsimmons, he did not believe any such letter had ever been written.

On this latter point the Columbian says editorially: "His Lordship Chief Justice Davie appeared to be anxious, for some reason—no doubt, a perfectly legitimate one—to disabuse the public mind of the impression that has got abroad that he (the chief justice) had some connection with Deputy Fitzsimmons' reinstatement; for his lordship not only gave his decision in open court (the application was made in chambers), but embraced the opportunity to make a somewhat lengthy extra-judicial deliverance (the advantage of which, by the further publicity of our columns, we have given his lordship), in the course of which he took up and denied the various reports of his connection with the matter. The chief justice's statement of what occurred between himself and the late Sir John Thompson, in regard to Fitzsimmons' reinstatement, must, of course, be implicitly accepted; but the facts, unfortunately, are against his lordship's expressed "belief" that no such letter was ever written, as the letter that was emphatically, written by Sir Charles H. Tupper to the secretary of the local Conservative association, stating that the late Sir John Thompson had promised Chief Justice Davie to reinstate Fitzsimmons. If the chief justice wishes documentary evidence of the authenticity of the letter in question, he can easily have it—without going to Victoria, either.

Never Touched.

From the time the brine leaves the wells until the pure salt reaches the packages for shipment, Windsor Table Salt is not handled, except by the machinery of the factory. It doesn't cake. Try it.

MAN'S LAUGH NEVER CHANGES.

How the Fact Was Illustrated by an Incident in Chicago.

Chicago Times-Herald: If the Bertillon system of identification had a phonographic record of the laughs of criminals it would probably be as near perfect as an identification system can be. The fact that man comes into the world wailing has been regarded as a sort of prophecy of the truth that as a rule the sorrows of life outnumber the joys when all the returns are in, but an optimist might see an opposite significance in the fact that a man's laugh remains the same through all the changing years. When the cares of manhood succeed to the happy-go-lucky days of boyhood, this laugh of his may be called into use, as it were, very little, but when it is put into operation it is the same old laugh and every boyhood friend would know it instantly.

An old soldier who fought through the war with Fred Hartwick, who drives a mail collector's waggon on the North side, happened to be in Chicago for a week not long since. He heard that Mr Hartwick was on Postmaster Hesse's staff and went to the federal building to find him. He took his station at a point past which all the carriers filed to report for duty, and as Hartwick came along some one pointed him out.

Without disclosing his own identity the veteran approached and began asking Hartwick if he remembered various instances in the history of their regiment during the war. Of course he did and they soon fell into conversation, organizing a kind of camp fire meeting between themselves. One member of the regiment was in business in New Orleans, another was in a bank down in the state, several were farming, one was the local manager for one of the big commercial agencies in one of the large cities and so on.

Several times Hartwick asked his old companion at arms his name, but the latter only smiled and went on with the conversation. Finally, when it became necessary for them to separate, as Hartwick was obliged to go out on his run, the man laughed outright as he said:

"Well, Fred, I never thought you'd forget me after what we went through together."

"The minute he laughed," said Mr Hartwick, in relating the incident, "I knew just who he was and all about him, but I hadn't seen him for thirty years, and he had changed so I couldn't have told him from Adam. His laugh had grown older, too, of course, but it was the same old laugh."

Clearance Sale of Furniture, Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

Buzzard's Bay, Mass., July 8.—Mr. Bryant reported this morning that Mrs. Cleveland and the little one were progressing finely. He will add nothing except that the newcomer is "a fine little girl." Telegraph boys have paid numerous visits to the house bearing messages of congratulation to the president from all parts of the country.

"I don't think I shall go abroad on the Teutonia," said Mrs. Perkins. "George wants me to, but it seems to me they must run her very carelessly, she's always breaking her record."

Smith—It is understood that the breweries have engaged a carload of frogs.

Brown—For what purpose?

Smith—Because they're so full of hops.

A professor in the medical department of Columbia college asked one of the more advanced students:

"What is the name of the teeth that a human being gets last?"

"False teeth, of course."

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

No. 90 Johnson street, VICTORIA, B.C.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

TERMS REASONABLE.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER.

MORTGAGEES' SALE.

I have been instructed by the Mortgagees to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at 11 o'clock a.m., on

FRIDAY, JULY 12th, 1895

The Goods and Chattels, the contents of the

TELEGRAPH HOTEL,

Comprising the Furniture and Furnishings of 50 bedrooms, Bar Fixtures, Liquors, Glassware, Cash Register, Safe, Dining Room Furniture and Fixtures, Crockery, Kitchen Range and Utensils, etc., etc.

The goods and chattels will first be offered en bloc, and if the bids are not satisfactory the articles will be sold in lots as per inventory.

TERMS CASH.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

j15

The Preserving Season

.....HAS COMMENCED, AND

WEILER BROS.

Are prepared to supply you with all the FRUIT JARS you need (all sizes.)

Enamelled Pots

Are the best to prepare your fruit in. They are the cleanest and are highly recommended by the principal Schools of Cookery.

YOU WILL REQUIRE OTHER UTENSILS. WE HAVE THEM.

WEILER BROS.

NOW OPEN

At No. 60 Government St.

WITH SPECIAL CONSIGNMENTS OF.....

Fresh, Clean Provisions AND Fruits.

SPECIAL CONSIGNMENTS OF

Hams and Bacon, Butter and Eggs, all kinds of Fruit.

All of which we can sell at very reasonable prices for cash.

BLAKIE & McKINNON,

Produce and Commission Merchants.

Card of Thanks

I take this means of publicly thanking Mr. Herbert Cuthbert Gulbert, of Hanover, Germany, for the [illegible] he conducted my auction sale. The amount realized was considerably in excess of my anticipations.

W. MOLLER RUCK.

Good Health

RESULTS FROM USING

PURE TEA

AND OTHER WHOLESOME FOOD

DON'T TAKE "JUST AS GOOD" FOR AN ANSWER

But Insist Upon Getting THE GENUINE MM

LOOK FOR THE STAR

And the Name of

M. J. BRANDENSTEIN & CO.

THIS IS THE GENUINE

SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES.

NOTICE!! Some Unscrupulous Grocers may tell you "this is just as good" or "the same as M M ★." It is false. If your Grocer substitutes any other brand in place of M M ★, be honest and send it back.

Pick-Nics

Are the order of the day, and

A. Barker's,

122 YATES STREET, . .
Is the place to get your .

Lunch Baskets and Camping Outfits Cheap,

And the only place in the city where you can get a smokeless frying pan; call and see them; something new.

The Prince of Wales . . .

And a few others don't buy their clothing from us, probably because they can buy nearer home. The quality and fit of our suits would probably satisfy them if they did buy.

OUR PRICES

Are the lowest in Victoria consistent with good workmanship.

J. W. CREIGHTON,

.....88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

A CHANCE FOR BUYERS.

18 LOTS, blocks 13 and 17, Fernwood, on Duchess and Baronet streets, between Oak Bay avenue and Cadboro bay road, for sale for $2100.

These choice lots are assessed for about fifty per cent more than the price at which we are offering them.

34 LOTS, blocks 4 and 5, Fernwood, on Bank street and Cadboro Bay road, opposite Jubilee Hospital grounds, for sale for $5100; assessed for $7200.

We will sell any city property we own much below the assessor's valuations.

jl3-2w W. & J. WILSON.

THE TIMES FOR SALE

At the following places in the City:

Sampson's Bookstore,
Corner Douglas and Johnson streets.

Campbell's Cigar Store,
Corner Yates and Government sts.

P. O. Cigar Store,
Corner Courtney and Government sts.

Braund & Co.,
No. 62 Government street.

R. Jamieson,
Next to Post Office.

THE TIMES may be procured at above stores until a late hour each evening.

KOOTENAY.

Unbounded Mineral Wealth Awaiting Development by the Miner and Scientist.

The Great Achievements of Past Crude Methods Will Soon be Eclipsed.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Nelson, July 5.—For the past 50 years British Columbia has been recognized pre-eminently for its mineral wealth. The tons of gold taken from the bars of the Fraser river and its tributaries, and from the alluvial deposits of the districts of Cariboo, Omineca, Cassiar and Peace river fully entitle it to a place in the front rank of the auriferous paying centres of the world. From 1853, when gold-seekers first rushed to the Fraser river to the present time, the value of gold mined in this province may be reckoned as considerably over one hundred million dollars. Most of this enormous sum was taken by the crudest and clumsiest methods and under extraordinarily adverse circumstances. The shovel, pick, sluice box and primitive rocker were about the only appliances used for saving the precious metal forty and fifty years ago. Mining then could hardly be classified as a legitimate industry—the element of chance entered into it too largely. The result of scientific research was wholly disregarded and unemployed. Then, little attention was paid to other than placer mining, and that only where the pay was exceedingly rich. If, by great good fortune, veins of free gold-bearing quartz were discovered in the mountain sides, rich enough to pay by crushing in a pestle and mortar, or by the Spanish arasta, well and good, but the thought of treating ores carrying gold and silver intermixed with the baser metals and not free from refractory element was hardly entertained and quite unpracticed. Enough was known to permit the separation of silver from the matrix in certain argentiferous ores, as the early production of the rich mines of Central and Southern America demonstrate, but the history of mining on the Pacific coast until a comparatively recent date shows that attention was only directed to gravel washing.

Nearly every accessible portion of North America has been skimmed over by hardy prospectors hunting for "diggings;" in fact, so well has this search been prosecuted that there are probably few undiscovered localities where ground would pay an ounce or more of gold to the man for each day's work. With these phenomenally rich spots exhausted, it became necessary to profitably work auriferous gravel and quartz veins to which primitive methods could not be applied. The use of science and improved machinery is the natural consequence. With the assistance of these factors, improvements have been made so quickly that mining has become revolutionized until to-day it occupies a rightful position as an established industry and as a legitimate business.

For a number of years past the output of gold in British Columbia has been considerably less than during the stirring times when Cariboo and Cassiar were in their flood-tide of prosperity; nevertheless, it has been no small item—amounting to many thousands of dollars annually. But now a new regime is established. The miner of to-day, fortified with modern facilities for extracting values from quartz and placer, is seriously and energetically paving the way for returns of gold and silver which, it is quite safe to say, will each year more than eclipse any record made during the palmiest days of any bygone excitements.

As far as the placer districts are concerned; where hundreds of dollars were secured from rich spots in different localities, careful examinations and tests by competent and reliable men prove the surrounding country will produce as many thousands. The bodies of pay gravel in this province are so rich and of such enormous extent that, with considerable expense may be entailed in preparations for operation, when once completed the cost of washing the dirt will be small, ridiculously small compared to that of forty and fifty years ago.

And what of quartz mining? Here is a field where science and invention have been applied to a magnificent extent, more so probably than in any other single direction. What more truly scientific, useful and economical ideas could one ask for than the cyanide-potassium process, or the principle of pyritic smelting? And these are not more important than dozens of improvements to mining in other respects. The competent metallurgist of to-day stands ready to treat commercially any kind of ore ever mined. I do not mean by this that the acme of perfection is reached; it would be unreasonable to suppose methods now employed will not be greatly improved and beneficially altered, because the economical extraction and treatment of metals will always be a problem. This feature of mining is and must always be the mainstay of business. It not only furnishes the chief supply for the world's monetary system but is the source of all trades and industries wherein the baser metals are used. Its opportunities to capital are only equalled by the great benefits its development is to the armies of artizans and mechanics seeking employment. It is sufficient in itself to make a country rich and, with good government, prosperous. Its importance and magnitude are constantly increasing.

The gold and silver wealth of Kootenay has been known of for years. The servants of the Hudson's Bay Company first coming to the southeastern portion of this province learned from the Indians, shortly after their arrival, of extensive galena deposits on the north shore of Kootenay Lake, took advantage of the information and at the now famous Blue Bell mine erected for the manufacture of bullets crude reduction works, the remains of which can still be seen. The gold diggers who came from California in the fifties explored, discovered and successfully worked the mountain streams around here. Forty-nine creek and other tributaries of the Kootenay and Columbia rivers proved rich and paid well. The gold saved was coarse and apparently had not travelled far, but no search was made for the source of supply. These restless pioneers only stayed to scratch over the richest pay streaks in the gravel and then hurried to some other El Dorado. The few white hunters and trappers who first invaded the district in search of beaver and other valuable furs, as they set their traps along the rivers and creeks, noticed with idle curiosity the numerous pieces of rich gold and silver "float." It is hardly to be expected that these early explorers could work the quartz when, with all the present facilities and knowledge it would not be profitable to-day without proper transportation systems. In those days no railroads existed on this side of the continent. When we consider the difference in this respect then and now it seems almost incredible they accomplished so much.

It is really less than a decade since serious attention was first given to the quartz ledges of Kootenay. The discovery and location on Toad Mountain of the Silver King property was probably the starting point of public interest. Since then the fame of its riches has spread until it is generally and favorably known to most mining men the world over.

Each summer for the past five or six years hundreds of prospectors have explored the mountains. Evidence of their success is the discovery and establishment of the Slocan, Trail Creek, Nelson, Lardo, Trout Lake and several other districts.

The great extent of country, certain natural difficulties and the recent commencement of the search necessitates the assertion that Kootenay to-day is not nearly half prospected. Many valuable mines will not be discovered here, probably, for years to come. But, speaking conservatively and with some knowledge of such matters, to see what is even now located is enough to daze one, so valuable are the discoveries.

If possible, imagine a property without any development showing hundreds of thousands of dollars in silver and lead; big, strong veins with broad streaks of galena, often entirely free from gangue, running straight through the country rock in plain sight for hundreds of feet. Yet such is the case with the Slocan Star mine. And there are dozens of properties in different parts of the district which, while not giving such gigantic indications of wealth on the surface, have proved with development to be almost as valuable.

The story of the mining districts of West Kootenay cannot be told briefly. The subject is too important and too interesting to be lightly treated. Certain individual properties deserve detailed description and there are localities to which separate articles may well be devoted. There is much to be told of the existing and proposed lines of transportation; of the opportunities existing here for reduction and treatment of ores and many other things which as opportunity for observation is given I will set forth as accurately as my ability permits.

C. E. RACE.

THE MAGPIE AND THE CATS.

The Black Thomas Was Surprised by His Small Foe.

The pets of the house were three very large black cats—great favorites, immensely spoiled and very dignified and lazy. As we regarded the Australian magpie somewhat scornfully dallying with his dinner we saw one of these solemn black monsters advancing at its usual dignified pace toward him. A cry arose from the assembled family, "Oh, Tigris will kill the magpie!" The head of the family desired to await developments. There was a painful suspense of breath as we watched the shaggy black Persian advancing on the plate and the magpie, with a steady, unhurried step. The magpie stood aside from the plate and, with head well on one side, watched the one coming robber. There was a world of meaning in the glance of that wicked gray eye, but it was all lost on the dignified composure of the Persian, who, without deigning to look at the magpie, proceeded to sniff at the contents of the plate.

The bird, motionless as a statue, waited till the black whiskers came inquiringly over the edge of the plate; then he made one sudden hop, lunged once, with a lightning stroke of his beak at the beautiful glossy black muzzle, and was back again in his watchful attitude so quickly that one almost felt disposed to doubt if he had ever left it. There was no doubt in the mind of the cat. That lightning stroke of the beak had much the same effect on the Persian as if a bomb had burst somewhere in its middle. It leaped with a yell five paces backward, its legs extended, every separate hair of its long fur standing off its full length. When it reached the ground it hesitated not for one moment; no fleeting notion of vengeance crossed its mind; with head and tail depressed, in manner as unlike as possible to its dignified approach, it retreated at a good round trot to the shrubbery whence it had come.—The National Review.

—To retain vigorous health, use Adams' Tutti Frutti. It assists digestion wonderfully.

Goes to Europe for Treatment

Suffering For Years from Insomnia and Nervous Debility—Prostrated, Exhausted—No Vitality—No Rest Until "Nature's Sweet Restorer," South American Nervine Tonic, Built up the Nervous Organism, and Gave Back to the Wearied and Exhausted Nerve-Centres their Wonted Vigor.

ADOLPHE LABODIE, B.C.L., J.P., OF THE WELL-KNOWN LEGAL FIRM OF LABODIE & LABODIE, MONTREAL.

For four generations the remarkable family of LaBodie have been prominently identified with the legal and professional life of Montreal. A long line of active, intellectual men, whose ambition to rise to prominence meant a constant drain upon the nerve forces and a tremendous demand for brain power. Mr Adolphe LaBodie, B.C.L., J.P., etc., has for seventeen years been actively engaged in the legal profession, living, as the duties of intellectual men of this fast age demand, beyond the reserve limit of natural nerve force, requiring more of the nerve centres at the base of the brain than they can possibly fulfil, which always results in nervous prostration, dyspepsia, hot flushes, insomnia, constipation, and attendant evils.

Mr. LaBodie spared neither time nor money to obtain relief, went to Europe for special treatment, all to no purpose. His attention being directed to South American Nervine Tonic, he concluded to try it. Result—immediate relief from insomnia, and a perfect and permanent cure from all other disorders, with but five bottles of the Nervine.

Mr. Adolphe LaBodie, under date of April 27th, writes from Montreal:—"I was suffering from insomnia and nervous debility; prostration and exhaustion, rather than rest, followed a night's experience. I took five bottles of South American Nervine, and am wholly recovered, and now enjoy restful nights. I have tried many remedies, have been treated in Europe, and can say with truthful emphasis that the South American nervine has cured me."

There is reason in all things: business reasons in business, truthful reasons in truth. Mr. LaBodie's statement herewith is the truthful reason why, if South American Nervine Tonic cured him, it will cure you. It is the nerve builder for brain workers. Brain and stomach cannot both work at the same time with healthful and happy issues. One must suffer. Intense intellectual activity produces indigestion because the brain is consuming all the nerve power. South American Nervine Tonic holds nature to a happy poise, and life and its duties swing to fruitful success.

FOR SALE BY

Dean & Cryderman and Hall & Co.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Mongolian	Aug. 3
Allan Line, Numidian	Aug. 10
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Aug. 3
Dominion Line, Oregon	Aug. 8
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	Aug. 7
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	Aug. 14

From New York.

Cunard Line, Aurania	Aug. 3
Cunard Line, Umbria	Aug. 10
American Line, St. Louis	Aug. 7
American Line, Berlin	Aug. 14
White Star Line, Teutonic	Aug. 7
White Star Line, Britannic	Aug. 14
Red Star Line, Friesland	Aug. 7
Red Star Line, Westernland	Aug. 21
Nor. German Lloyd, Saale	Aug. 3
Nor. German Lloyd, Aller	Aug. 6
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Aug. 10
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Aug. 17
Allan State Line, California	Aug. 3
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Aug. 17

For rates and full information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S. S. Agent,
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

Sewer Pipe

I have now for sale about twenty thousand feet best Scotch salt glazed SEWER PIPES (3 feet lengths), and all kinds of traps and fittings. The ONLY Pipe in Victoria to stand the test! ! ! !

Tiles . . . . . .

Received large consignment by last ship from England of Glazed, Printed and Art Tiles, for hearths and floors. The Latest Styles.

J. W. Keller,

Corner Yates and Quadra Streets

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

THE ADELPHI CAFE

SHORT ORDERS OUR SPECIALTY
Cor. Yates and Government Sts.

THE MANOR HOUSE,

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Under the management of P. F. EMERSON, is recommended to the residents of Victoria for its general excellence, moderate prices and central location. The rooms are large and well furnished; the attendants prompt and polite.

THE MANOR HOUSE combines the comforts and quiet of home with every advantage of a first-class hotel.

Only a short walk from the C.P.R. Depot. jel1-1m

RURAL HOUSE,

Saanichton Station, - V. & S. Railway.

This beautiful and healthy resort is now re-opened under the management of J. J. Gray. The accommodation this hotel affords is equal to any. Persons desiring a few days of quiet rest will find this a most charming retreat. Wines are of the best only.

ICE

Tel. 44. B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Co.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Coll.; Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets, Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort Street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fort streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WEIR-MITCHELL SYSTEM.
MRS. FORTESCUE,
Certified Masseuse.
For terms, etc., apply P.O., Victoria, or "The Bungalow," Esquimalt road.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 128.

JEWELERS, ETC.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Highest prices paid for household furniture. Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

SOLID SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, $8.50.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street
VICTORIA, B. C.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—Yorkshire terrier; name, Kaiser. Finder rewarded by returning to Norma Flumerfelt, 35 Gorge Road. jy8-3t

STRAYED—From 149 Menzies street, on the 10th inst., a red Durham Cow. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to C. A. Goffin, at above address. jy11-1t

LOST—A watch, gold case, open face, engraved rim and plain back. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Times office.

WANTS.

WAITRESS AND NIGHT COOK wanted at the Glen Restaurant, next door to Victoria Hotel. jy8-2t

WANTED—A girl to do housework and help with baby. Apply No. 4 Jubilee Avenue, off Oak Bay Avenue. jy8-2t

WANTED—At Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson street, cash customers for Garden Tools, Paints, etc. Cheap, cheap for cash.

WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write The World Med. Electric Co., P.O. Box 221, London, Ont., Canada. je17-3m-d&w

Perhaps

Your teeth are Decayed. If so get them attended to at once. Consult a reliable dentist.

CALL ON....
A. A. HUMBER, D.D.S.,
93½ Douglas Street.
The Best Work. Reasonable Rates.

FOR SALE

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 59 Broad St.

TO LET.

TO LET—Nice Cottage, 5 rooms, bath, etc.; large lot; $6.50. also 3 four roomed cottages, $4, including water. Good place for chickens and cow. Apply 4 Clarke street, Spring Ridge. jy8-1m

TO LET—On very reasonable terms, a furnished house and large garden with fruit trees. Apply Jas. McGregor, 50 McClure st., City. jy6-tf

TO LET.—Pretty cottage, five rooms and bath. Apply to Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. may27-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

GILT EDGE BUTTER—12 1-2 to 25 cents. American Hams and Bacon at bottom prices. Co-operative Grocery, 19 and 20 City Market.

TO FISHERMEN—Accommodation for one or two at Saahtlam, Cowichan River. Apply 28 Broad street. jl5-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—On Victoria real estate by the Dominion Building and Loan Association, repayable by easy monthly payments. Stock in the above association for sale, a good investment. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

AUSTRALIAN POLITICS.

The action of the New South Wales legislative council in rejecting the tax bill proposed by the Reid government as a portion of its fiscal reform has precipitated a constitutional battle in that colony. Premier Reid in addressing a large free trade meeting at Sydney recently said that he would not object to a Legislative Council, the members of which were named for life, if it only regarded the will of the country. A House consisting of Crown nominees was an absurd anomaly in a democratic constitution, but he would not trouble to interfere with it so long as it respected the electors. The Legislative Council had, however, set its foot against the will of the people, and the time had come to deal with it once and for all. The people had not got either yet, and something must give way. The something would not be the electors. Mr. Reid asked the people to empower the government to reform the constitution. He proposed, he said, to introduce a bill that would provide when a measure passed the Assembly and had been rejected by the Council at two consecutive sessions, it should be submitted to a referendum of the electors during a recess, at the end of the second session. He hoped thus to terminate the deadlocks of the House. Failing of other solutions, the Government would be asked to grant a workable constitution to the colony, including an elective Council, the members of which would be elected under a superior franchise. It was not intended that this Council should be superior to the Assembly, but it should be merely a revising chamber. The difficulty surrounding the New South Wales government is an invariable accompaniment of constitutions of which one feature is an appointive and irresponsible council—a body which is useless if it merely registers the decrees of the popular branch and is almost sure to prove itself a nuisance if it undertakes to assume more active functions. Evidently the New South Wales council intends to keep up its side of the struggle, for it has rejected by 25 to 14 the electoral reform bill introduced by the government. Another announcement of interest in connection with Australian politics is conveyed by cable, namely, that the Assembly of Victoria colony has by a vote of 62 to 22 passed the first item of the tariff bill, thus affirming the principle of a reduction of customs duties. The Australian colonies, like Canada, seem to have had quite enough of high protection.

SELF-SEEKING AND BLUNDERING.

The Bowell government has blundered about as badly as possible in its management of the Manitoba school question. Delay was no part of its original programme in conection with the dispute, and now it has decided on delay when that course can do no good. Neither one of the two wings of the party is satisfied, for the Quebec men see plainly that the government's retreat from its "remedial order" position was due to the threatenings from the Ontario section, while the latter are in no way convinced that the government has dropped all idea of interference with Manitoba. The late action of the government, in short, gives the impression of mere trimming and temporising and not an honest endeavor to arrive at a solution. From all points of view it would have been more expedient—not to speak of honesty—if the government had dealt with the matter decisively in one way or the other, after it had posed the necessity of action upon itself by the issue of the remedial order. As the matter now stands the government is in the same trouble as the old man in the story, who tried to please everybody but succeeded in pleasing nobody and lost his ass into the bargain.

The joggling with the Hudson's Bay railway is about as famous and calculated to do the government as much harm in Manitoba as the treatment of the school question. Instead of carrying out the terms of the famous order-in-council and advancing $2,500,000 to the company the government has now decided to grant the company a modification of the terms on which the subsidy was originally granted. One half the land subsidy and the whole of the $80,000 per year are to be available on the completion of 150 miles of road, whereas 300 miles were originally specified. This inglorious retreat from the terms of the order-in-council will not help the government with the people of Manitoba and the Northwest. It is quite apparent that the Bowell government has a capacity for blundering equal in extent to its love for opportunism. It cannot be expected to hold on to office for any length of time.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson.

—Closing out sale tinware at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street. Come and see prices.

—If you want a nice stock of preserves for the winter, take advantage of the fruit season and put up your fruit in the jars the Weiler Bros. sell.

—The regular annual business meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held tomorrow evening, July 10th, at the residence of Mrs. Teague.

—Owing to the excessive heat to-day the auction at 15 Harrison street is postponed until Thursday, at 2 p.m., when rain, shine, hot or cold, the whole of the contents of this well furnished house will be sold absolutely without reserve. H. Cuthbert & Co. are the auctioneers.

—The following passengers left this morning by the steamer City of Puebla for Victoria: Mrs. Penhallon, Mr. Dana and wife, Mary McLenau, Sister Josephine, Sister Leocodia, Sister Constance, J. F. May and wife, Mrs. Sea, Miss Sea, C. F. Lowe, Mrs. Jones, and V. Lugebit.

—Hong Long and Wing Lee, who keep laundries on Yates and View streets respectively, were in police court this morning charged with infractions of the streets by-law. Each purchased wood on Saturday and left it piled up on the sidewalk over Sunday to the impediment of traffic. They were convicted but let go upon the payment of $2 costs for each case.

—The steamer City of Topeka will arrive from the Sound early this evening, and after spending a few hours here will proceed to Alaska. All her passenger accommodation has been engaged and a number of tourists who had neglected to secure rooms before arriving here were unable to secure them. The steamer Queen has also a full complement of passengers. She goes up on Friday. William Ogilvie and party go up on the Topeka to continue work in connection with the Alaska boundary survey and will spend eighteen months in the Yukon country.

—At Christ Church Cathedral at 3 this afternoon Rev. Canon Beanlands performed the interesting ceremony which made Elizabeth Belle Allen, of Chicago, the bride of Eugene Clyde Stahl, editor and manager of the Alaska News, of Juneau, and one of the most progressive, wide awake journalists of the northern land which he has made his home. The bride wore a handsome street gown of silk brocade and carried a hand bouquet of white roses and lilies. She was attended by little Miss Gracie Helen Allen, looking very pretty in a costume of creamy white; while the groom was supported by C. H. Gibbons, city editor of the Colonist. Mr. and Mrs. Stahl will spend the first few days of their wedded life in Victoria, leaving for Alaska, their future home, on Thursday or Friday.

THE BAND CONCERTS.

To the Editor: I see it suggested in the Times that the very excellent band concerts at Beacon Hill may come to an untimely end for want of funds. It surprises me that some of our city fathers, Ald. Hall in particular, has not long ago suggested the very simple expedient adopted in England at such entertainments, namely, railing off an area about 200 feet square not too near the bandstand, and provide about 200 or more plain comfortable chairs for which a charge of five cents should be made. I think this number would be sold twice over in the course of each evening and a sufficient revenue realized in the course of the season to pay for the band and the cost of the chairs. The position I would suggest would be about fifty feet northwest of the band-stand. The ubiquitous water cart might also be brought into use on the roads in the course of the evening, and no carriages or bicycles be allowed to pass along that part of the road at a pace faster than a walk.

COMMON SENSE.

Law Intelligence.

The full court sat until 3:30 p.m. today hearing the appeal in McColl v. Lemy et al, when an adjournment was taken until to-morrow morning.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, July 9.—Ald. Pearce introduced a by-law last night at the council meeting to dispose of all real estate where taxes are in arrears. The by-law passed its first reading.

William Bulman passed away suddenly at his residence early yesterday morning, death being due to an apoplectic stroke. Deceased was 71 years of age, but had enjoyed good health until with a few minutes before his death.

Bennie Chandler, the little son of W. Chandler of East Wellington, fell through a window yesterday and broke his arm. The little fellow was brought to town and had his arm set by Dr. Davis.

It is proposed to give a performance of H. M. S. Pinafore in aid of the widow and child of the late John Kelly.

The annual general meeting of the subscribers to the Nanaimo Hospital will be held to-morrow night in the council chambers.

* * *

VANCOUVER.

The cost of Dominion Day celebration was $3100, and about $3300 was subscribed.

At the council meeting last night Ald. Gallagher moved to dismiss Chief McLaren, Sergt. Haywood, Inspector McLeod, and Officer Grady, but withdrew the motion on the mayor ruling that a two-thirds vote was necessary. There was great excitement in the council.

There is another agitation for a smelter in Vancouver, the history of the old one being seemingly forgotten.

James Peake died at the city hospital yesterday. He was a son of a wealthy shipbuilder of Charlottetown, P. E. I., and was left a big fortune, which he succeeded in spending a good deal quicker, no doubt, than the old man accumulated it.

* * *

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The announcement that the Brunette sawmill will be rebuilt has not yet been made, although it is expected. John Wilson, president, informed a reporter that he had received a wire from Ottawa asking fuller particulars of the damage, and whether the foundations could be saved. Mr. Wilson was able to reply that the foundations had not been damaged, and were as good as new. Regarding the intentions of the Ottawa stockholders, Mr. Wilson was unable to speak yet, and it would be a week yet, he expected, before anything definite was known.

The outlook in the lumber trade, the Columbian thinks, has not been so bright in years. The selling price for the last three years has been little above the cost, and most manufacturers have been losing money. The advance in price of from $2 to $3 per thousand, made on Saturday as a result of the conference at Vancouver, will stiffen the business. The better prospects ahead will be an irresistible argument for the rebuilding of the Brunette mills.

* * *

YALE.

On the 27th Mrs. White breathed her last, after a long, tedious sickness.

The Indian school under the auspices of the Episcopal Sisters is in a prosperous condition and doing a good and much needed work. There are something over twenty now in attendance, ranging from the age of eight to eighteen, but most of them from ten to fourteen.

John Chinaman holds out at Yale, and is not likely to desert it, while the faithful Fraser brings down her annual quota of gold from mountain ranges.

Our thermometer registered 100 in the shade on the 27th and 28th ult., after some two weeks of low temperature.

The river is a perpetual study to the old timer and is watched with as much care as the barometer by mariners. There is here at Yale what is called the Chilliwack rock, a large boulder on the south bank, and in full view of the town. When the water covers this rock Chilliwack is under water. At present the sign post lifts its head high above the angry flood.

* * *

KOOTENAY.

The Ledge.

Manager Macfarlane says that the branch of the B. C. Iron Works will be erected at Nelson, a site having been secured near the railway wharf.

A recent location on Lemon creek shows an assay of $54 in gold and 12 1-2 ounces silver.

Kaslo has more saloons than any other town of its size in Canada. It also supports a box-rustling theatre, the only one of the kind allowed to do business in the Dominion.

Six teams commenced Monday to haul ore from the Slocan Star.

The Silver King sent out 34 tons of ore last week to Newark, N. J.

A. Beamer has purchased the Eldorado mine, Trail, for $22,000.

The Ruth shipped 28 tons, two of which were carbonates, in June.

Ben Finnell has made an elegant copper strike five miles north of Rossland.

The Pilot Bay smelter is keeping up its shipment of bullion, of 20 tons per day.

A six-foot vein of $60 ore has been struck on the Le Roi, Trail, only a few hundred feet from the hotel. Superintendent Bent made the discovery right on the surface.

Canadian News.

Toronto, July 8.—J. Dunning, of Stanford, Ont., a well known fruit grower, died suddenly in this city yesterday. He was walking quietly on Geddes' wharf when he fell down and when picked up a minute later he was dead.

Winnipeg, July 8.—Two children of a German named Nikell were drowned yesterday.

Montreal, July 8.—Chris. Graves, proprietor of the Liverpool restaurant on Craig street, shot himself about midnight last night and died in a few seconds.

H. Cuthbert & Co.
Real Estate, Furniture and General Auctioneers,
Are instructed to sell by

AUCTION

On Thursday, July 11, at 2 p.m.,

On the premises, 15 Harrison street, top of Fort and Yates street, the whole of

The Desirable Furniture, Piano & Effects,

Comprising Elegant Piano in walnut case, tricord, overstrung, and all latest improvements. This instrument is almost new, and has a beautiful tone and touch. Kirkman & Co., London, are the makers. Parlor set in black ebony and plush, w. Centre Table, Oil Paintings, and other Pictures, Tapestry and Brussels Carpets, Ornamental Items, a large quantity of capital electro plated goods, including Egg Set, Tea and Coffee Service, Tea Service; Cutlery, Walnut Extension Tables, 6 Walnut Dining Chairs in leather, Arm Chair to match, very fine Pier Glass in massive gilt frame, smaller ditto, Bed Lounge, Regulator Clock, Brass and other Lamps, 3 Walnut Bed Sets with marble slabs, Mattresses, Blankets, Sheets and Pillows, No. 8 Occident Cook Stove, large Copper Boiler, Kitchen Tables and Chairs, Cooking and Household Requisites, etc., etc.
TERMS, CASH.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.

CABLE NEWS.

Gladstone Appeals to the City of London.

London, July 9.—The Westminster Gazette this afternoon publishes the following message from Mr. Gladstone addressed to the Liberals of London:

"Hawarden, July 15.—Above every other purpose vindicate the rights of the House of Commons as the organ of the nation and establish the honor of England as well as consolidate the strength of the empire by conceding the just constitutional aims of Ireland. (Signed) W. E. Gladstone."

A dispatch from Alexandria says the caisson of the big bridge now building at Nage-Hamed by a French firm collapsed to-day and 40 workmen perished.

MULEY HASSAN'S TREASURE.

A German Physician's Account of the Hoard of the Sultan of Morocco.

A French journalist has brought up again the ancient story of the enormous treasure held by the Sultan of Morocco. The French embassador to Morocco brought back to Louis XIV in 1865 the story that the sultan of that day, Muley Ismael, kept at Mequinez, the favorite residence of the sultan, a treasure valued at $30,000,000, says an exchange. Chenier, another French ambassador, 100 years later, returned with rumors of the treasure, but it had shrunk in a century to about $2,500,000, which is supposed by some authorities to be about the ordinary annual revenue of the sultan.

The legend of the treasure was still in sound health fifty years later, for Graeber di Hemso, a traveller, affirmed, about 1834, that the sultan's hoard, called Bit-el-Mell, was kept at Mequinez, under the guard of 2000 negroes. It was believed to consist of 200,000 pieces of money, besides ingots of gold and silver and precious stones. The treasure house, according to this traveler, was an inclosure of massive walls, which were exactly repeated within. In order to reach the treasure it was necessary to open five iron gates, secured with secret locks, of which the keys were always in the hands of the sultan or of his favorite. It was the custom in earlier times to kill the guards that accompanied new treasure, lest the secrets of the treasure house be divulged.

Other travelers have kept the story alive from the manner in which taxes are levied and public affairs administered in Morocco it is generally believed that the sultan has great wealth laid up. The latest story of the treasure comes from Dr. Rohlfs, a German, at one time physician in the harem of the present sultan, Muley Hassan. Dr. Rohlfs declares that the treasure of the sultan is greater than ever. Some have represented that, for safety, the imperial wealth is kept in several places, part of it at Fez, part of it in the oasis of Tafilet and part at other points of the empire. Dr. Rohlfs declares that the sultan's 10,000,000 German thalers, or about $7,500,000, are at Mequinez, in a sombre edifice which the light of day never penetrates. The custom of killing the treasure bearers is not kept up, and the guard is not 2000, but 300 negroes, who keep watch in a living tomb. Dr. Rohlfs has seen some of the sacks inclosing part of the treasure.

PERSONAL

Harry Dempsey of Nanaimo is at the Driard.

F. A. Bartlett, of Port Townsend, is at the Oriental.

James Ramsay, of Vancouver, is staying at the Wilson.

Rev. J. H. White, of New Westminster, is in the city.

Thomas McNeely and wife, of Ladner's Landing, are at the Oriental.

W. H. Keary, of New Westminster, registered at the Driard last evening.

Thomas E. Ladner and wife left for the sound this morning on the Rosalie.

James Punch, ex-M. P. P., New Westminster, is among the guests at the Oriental.

J. A. Thompson, inspector of steamboats, is making an official tour of Okanagan and West Kootenay.

W. Staines, with E. H. Marsh & Co., who has been suffering from burns received from the explosion of a can of oil, is out again.

Captain Winchester, of the bark Thermopylae, is over from the sound on a visit to the family of Captain J. T. Cox, 42 King's road.

Mrs. J. A. Stevens and family, who have been at the Mount Baker hotel, left this morning on the Rosalie. They go to San Francisco.

John Clark, late of the staff of the Midway Advance, is in the city. Jack has great confidence in the Kettle River country. He has interests in several mining claims and has taken up a pre-emption.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

People

Bring their Prescriptions to us because they recognise our ability and carefulness.

Bowes' Drug Store,
100 Government St., near cor. Yates.
Telephone 425.

$3 PER DOZ. CABINETS

For one Month only, at
SKENE LOWE'S,
63 Government St.

See Our New Designs WALL PAPERS. See Our Prices

J. W. MELLOR, - 76, 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fifty-six location records were made in the Kettle River mining district during June.

—Rev. J. T. McCrossan, B. A., on Sunday preached his first sermon as assistant pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist church.

—Neglect of the hair often destroys its vitality and natural hue, and causes it to fall out. Before it is too late, apply Hall's Hair Renewer, a sure remedy.

—The owners of the wrecked collier San Pedro have notified Capt. Gaudin, agent of marine and fisheries, of their intention to remove the wreck from Brotchie Ledge. Work will be commenced shortly.

—J. F. Bledsoe has been engaged to continue assessment work on the four claims on Mineral Creek, Alberni, for Henry Saunders. These are the claims that are also claimed by a party of Nanaimoites.

—Barks Glory of the Seas and General Fairchild have arrived from San Francisco to load at Departure Bay and Nanaimo respectively, and the four-masted schooner Alice Cook to load lumber at Hastings.

—E. G. Tilton, C. E., of this city, is engaged in prospecting the Bear's Nest mine, on Douglas Island, Alaska. This property was some years ago sold to British capitalists and it was claimed by them that the mine was "salted." The case is now before the United States courts.

—Miss Wynne, Grand President of the Y. L. I., will arrive from San Francisco this evening on a visit to the local Institute. She will be tendered a reception by the members. It was decided some weeks ago that instead of holding the Grand Council this year, the Grand President would visit all the Institutes.

—At the semi-annual meeting of the Young People's Union of Emanuel Baptist church held last evening the following officers were elected: David Dewar, president; Miss McDiarmid, vice-president; Miss Evelyn Marchant, secretary; Mr. A. E. Wescott, treasurer. Work of the Union, according to the reports, is progressing favorably.

—A young black bear, kindly donated by John Piercy, has ben added to the Beacon Hill Park zoo, and the Park committee, through Chairman Hall, desires that thanks be returned for the same. The bear nicely fills the place of the unruly brown one that was recently strangled to death during an attempt to discipline it. The new bear is safely chained to a tree, and seems to like his surroundings. He is a fine specimen of the species.

—The National Council of Women, having agreed to take charge of the women's department at the fall exhibition, met yesterday afternoon to make arrangements. It was decided to have both loan and competitive exhibits, a prize list to be prepared for the latter. All the affiliated societies will be asked to co-operate and the Vancouver Council will be asked to take up the work on the Mainland and forward exhibits to Mrs. Day. After the exhibition question had been disposed of, the position of women working in the city shops was discussed and it was decided to request employers of women to give them a half holiday once a week, at least during the warm weather.

—The officers of Victoria Lodge, No 1, I. O. O. F., were installed last evening by Grand Master Holmes. They were: A. J. E. Firth, N. G.; A. Stewart, P. G., N. G; F. Davey, P. G., Rec. and Per. Sec.; R. Roberts, P. G., Treas.; M. Salmon, W.; T. R. Mitchell, P. G., Con.; C. W. Ross, P. G., I. G.; W. H. Huxtable, P. G., O. G.; A. Graham, P. G., R. S. N. G.; W. H. Flewin, P. G., L. S. N. G.; J. Doughty, P. G., R. S. V. G.; J. York, P. G., L. S. V. G.; J. E. Sabine, R. S. S.; A. Lang, L. S. S. Acme lodge also installed officers last evening as follows: A. Sherritt, N. G.; W. H. Handley, V. G.; S. W. Edwards, R. S.; Thomas Tubman, Per. S.; Robert Ray, Treasurer; Brother Wood, Warden; Brother Bammond, Conductor; Brother James Jackson, R. S. N. G.; Brother Sinclair, L. S. N. G.; Brother Billingsley, R. S. S.; Brother Clayton, L. S. S.; Brother Burns, O. G.; Brother Blackstock, I. G.; Brother Moody, R. S. V. G.; Brother Robinson, L. S. V. G.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—The school board meeting has been postponed until Friday evening.

—The smokeless frying-pan—the best thing out. Only at A. Barker's, 122 Yates street.

—The fishermen at Rivers Inlet have gone on strike for higher wages. They demand $2.50 a day, or 7 cents a salmon.

Few medicines have held their ground as successfully as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. During the past fifty years, it has been the most popular of all cough-cures and the demand for it to-day is greater than ever before. Prompt to act and sure to cure.

—To prevent pale and delicate children from lapsing into invalids later in life, they should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla together with plenty of wholesome food and out-door exercise. What they need to build up the system is good red blood.

—Steve O'Brien has received a letter from San Francisco announcing that Matt O'Brien, a brakeman formerly of Kamloops, had gone crazy and would very likely be confined in one of the asylums. O'Brien was given a terrible beating by tramps and when he passed through here a month ago on his way to San Francisco for treatment still showed traces of it. It was supposed at San Francisco that Mr. O'Brien of Victoria was a relative of his.

—At the meeting of the British Columbia Natural History society last night the discussion was largely on the food and game fish of the coast. The opinion was expressed that there had not been enough government attention paid to the study of species and the habits of fish. There was much to be achieved by experiment and propogation. The visit of the commissioners, Mr. Prince and Dr. Wakeham, from Ottawa is expected to result in much good and during their stay they will be asked to attend a meeting of the society when the whole subject will be opened for discussion.

—Guard Mason has received the following letter from John Simpson, whose extra term for thanking Judge Crease was taken off by the minister of justice: "Just a few lines to ask if you would be so kind as to thank for me that young lady who attends church at the prison every Sunday for the interest she and others took in getting up the petition by which I had the three years taken off that I got for thanking the judge. Tell her that I am doing my best to follow the advice she gave me. I have been here (Manitoba penitentiary) over two months. I like this place better than I did New Westminster. The confinement was hard on me at first, but I don't mind it so much now. My mind is set to it. Thank you for the kindness you showed me. Please excuse the liberty I take in writing to you, but I wanted to thank that young lady and I did not know her name." The lady to whom he refers is Mrs. Young, who has been unremitting in her labors among the prisoners.

—In their report for June, R. P. Rithet & Co., say: "The export movement of grain goes on steadily, but as nearly every vessel arriving is already under charter homeward, there is not much new business to report. The spot rate is steady but unchanged at 35s. to Cork for orders, with the usual options. Chartering to arrive has practically ceased, although one fixture is reported at 31s. for December loading, which indicates some confidence in the future. The late activity in lumber freights has not been very well maintained, and with the exception of Australia, consuming markets appear to be satisfied for the present. Rates are easier in spite of the fact that suitable vessels continue scarce. We quote freights as follows: Grain—San Francisco to Cork, f. o., 35s.; Portland to Cork, f. o., nominal; Tacoma to Cork, f. o., nominal. Lumber—Burrard Inlet or Puget Sound to Sydney, 35s.; to Melbourne or Adelaide, 42s. 6d.; to Port Pirie, 41s. 3d.; to Shanghai, 50s.; to Valparaiso, f. o., 42s. 6d.; to Cork, 67s. 6d., to 70s. Coal—Departure Bay or Nanaimo to San Francisco, $1.75 to $2."

—The ladies' committee of the Protestant Orphans' Home held their regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon, there being present Mesdames Kent (president), Hayward, Sargison, Clarke and Williams. The resignation of Mrs. F. Adams as a member of the committee was accepted with regret and Mrs. W. F. McCulloch was appointed in her stead. The matron reported that there were 59 children in the home, all convalescent. The following special donations were received during June: Milk (daily), Mr. Knowles; Colonist (daily) Colonist Printing Co.; clothing, Mrs. L. Goodacre, Mrs. T. Earle and Mrs. Carmichael; provisions and groceries, Mr. Jones, Puget Sound Flour Mills, Ladies Reformed Church, Mrs. McKilligan and St. Luke's Guild, Cedar Hill; baby carriage, etc., Mrs. Englehardt; and Sunday school papers, Miss Fawcett. The treasurer reported that the recent generous donations from Nanaimo had provided sufficient funds to meet current liabilities for the present month, and that steps must be taken to raise money to carry on the home until the annual subscriptions were available. A committee was appointed to wait upon Mrs. Dunsmuir and see what arrangements could be made for securing the steamer Joan for a Saturday afternoon excursion.

—Baskets for picnics, baskets for shopping, knife baskets, work baskets and lots of other baskets, at Weilers'.

—The Rosalie brought 60 excursionists this morning.

—Several big bush fires are raging in the Sooke and Metchosin mountains.

—The sale of the furniture and goods in the Telegraph Hotel, Store street, advertised by Joshua Davies to take place to-morrow, has been postponed until Friday.

—Colfax Rebekah lodge, I. O. O. F., will instal officers to-night. District Deputy Sister Walker will perform the ceremony. A cordial invitation is extended to all members of the degree.

—The hearing of the application of J. Haggerty for an injunction to prevent the mayor from signing the contract for the construction of the filter beds with Messrs. Walkley, King & Casey was postponed until to-morrow at 10:15 a.m. Judge Drake will hear the application, and Attorney-General Eberts, in the absence of W. J. Taylor, will represent the city.

—Frank A. Small and Miss Emma H. Wadsworth were united in marriage this morning at Metropolitan Methodist church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Solomon Cleaver. The bride was accompanied by her sister, Miss Victoria Wadsworth, while H. E. Brown filled the post of best man. The couple are well known Victorians and are receiving the congratulations of a host of friends. Mr. Small is proprietor of the Victoria Tea House and is winning a place for himself in business circles. The couple will make Victoria their permanent home.

—The test of the Baker fabric hose recently purchased by the city from the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company took place at 8 o'clock this morning and proved satisfactory. Mayor Teague, Aldermen Wilson, Macmillan and Hall, Chief Deasy and W. L. Ogle, agent of the company, were present. Mayor Teague selected one length from the one thousand feet purchased and it was subjected to a pressure of 400 pounds to the square inch. It stood it well and would have stood more. The rest of the hose was only given a low pressure test for the detection of flaws, as it was unnecessary to subject it to a severe strain.

—"Richelieu," Bulwer Lytton's great historic drama, is to be presented by Col. W. J. Fife and a strong company at the Victoria theatre on Friday evening next. Cardinal Duc de Richelieu, the crafty diplomat of the degenerate court of Louis XIII of France, is the main-spring of the plot, and the subtle and at once gigantic political intrigues which involved all the courts of Europe during the great cardinal's career have made possible a story, which in the hands of a master dramatist has not taken secondary place even to the works of Shakespeare, and if Col. Fife can give as satisfactory an interpretation of the character as is claimed by the press of the "other side" his performance will be well worth seeing.

—The announcement that Sergeant H. A. Levin, of the city police force, was seriously ill, made public in the Times last night, only preceded his death a few hours. Shortly after 6 o'clock a telegram was received from Kamloops by Peerless lodge, I. O. O. F., announcing that the sergeant had passed away at 5 o'clock. The officers of Peerless lodge conferred with some of the intimate friends of the deceased and late last evening it was decided to have the lodge assume charge of the funeral. A telegram was sent to Kamloops directing that the body be embalmed and shipped here by the first train. It will likely leave Kamloops at 11 o'clock to-night and reach here to-morrow night. It will be met at Vancouver by delegations of the Odd Fellows, Foresters, Knights of Pythias and police department. The funeral will take place on Thursday. Sergeant Levin was a native of Birmingham, England, and slightly over thirty years of age. He entered the navy, was discharged here and seven years ago last September was employed in the police department. He had no relatives here, but has two uncles in San Francisco, the Messrs. Joseph.

—The commencement concert of the Conservatory of Music at Institute Hall last evening passed off very well. There was a large attendance of patrons and friends and the pupils who participated in the performance acquitted themselves very well indeed. There are now over 60 pupils at the conservatory and that they are progressing and improving to a marked degree was amply demonstrated last night. As Archdeacon Scriven who, with Mrs. Scriven, presented the prizes at the close of the concert, expressed it, those who were present must feel that the musical future of the city is assured. Miss Winnifred Wilson and Miss Gertrude Flumerfelt played difficult solos from memory and were freely applauded. Miss Spring sang Gounod's "Sing, Smile, Slumber" very sweetly. In the song, "Calm as Night," Miss Heathfield had a piece that just suited her, and Miss Mary Wilson's song was also appreciated. Mrs. Rickaby and Mr. Goodwin sang well. There were a number of instrumental pieces by different pupils, all of which were well played and thoroughly appreciated. The summer session now in progress at the Conservatory will close in October, at which time the winter season will be inaugurated. It was announced by Archdeacon Scriven that next year there would be two scholarships.

LOYAL : ORANGE : ASSOCIATION.

GRAND CELEBRATION!

—AT CALEDONIA PARK, ON—

FRIDAY, 12th JULY.

All the lodges of British Columbia and Washington will participate, including the Ladies' Orange True Blue, the Sons and Daughters of England, the A. P. A. and the P. P. A.

ADDRESSES

Will be delivered by most prominent members of the Order, including visitors from the cities of Puget Sound.

There will also be Tugs-of-War (Island v. Mainland), Foot Racing and all kinds of Field Sports.

The Grand Procession Forms on Yates Street at 10 a. m.

L. O. L. No. 1610 meets at 8 a.m.; L. O. L. No. 1426 at 9 a.m.; the L. T. B.'s at 9:30 a.m., and the Sons and Daughters of England at 10 a.m., all in the A.O.U.W. Hall.

E. SHERRITT, Chairman Committee.
JOHN WALLACE, Secretary Committee.
19-td

FREE AND QUICK DELIVERY.

BEST GROCERIES AT LOWEST PRICES

Snow Flake Flour 95c. per sack.
Gold Drop Flour, 95c. per sack.
Hungarian Flour, $1.40 per sack.
Sugar, granulated, 21 lbs. for $1.00.
Tea, M. M., 5 lb. Box, $1.35.
Apples, canned, gall., 50c.
Apricots, canned, 3s., 20c.
Peaches, choicest Cal., 3s., 20c.
Plums, 20c.

English Breakfast Tea.
Formosa Oolong,
Hyson,
Japan,
Ceylon,
Ceylon Blends,
Lipton's,
Tamilkande,
Also blended to fancy.

Canned Bee Honey, Australian Syrup, Rolled Wheat (Pettijohn Breakfast Gem), Sunlight Soap, 4 Twin Bars for 25 cents.
Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Onions, Gilt Edge Hams.

At HARDRESS CLARKE'S Cash Grocery, cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

THEY REFUSED TO MOVE.

Occupants of Condemned Shacks Encircled by the Flames.

The five cabins on Humboldt street condemned by the city council as unsanitary and ordered destroyed by the city council, were burned last evening by the fire department. There was a big turn out to see the performance and the spectators saw a rather amusing eviction. W. Raby, a cripple, and a colored man named Stevens, who occupied two of the shacks, refused to leave. They had not removed any of their poor belongings from the filthy rooms and positively defied the firemen, and announced that they would stay and be burned to death. It was all a bluff, however, to gain time, for when Chief Deasy ordered the other shacks fired and the crackling of the flames reached the ears of the two men they made a mad rush for the street. They had not been in any danger whatever but were thoroughly scared. The firemen kept streams all around the fire and guarded against it spreading. The buildings, which were dirty tumble down old shacks, were very quickly dispatched.

The dilapidated buildings at Waddington Alley and Yates street are being torn down to-day. The work will be about completed by this evening.

A LAND MARK GONE.

Mount Tolmie Toboggan Slide and Tower were burned yesterday.

A land mark of the city is no more. The Mount Tolmie toboggan slide and observatory tower were totally destroyed by fire at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. There were some picnickers at the mount Sunday afternoon, and a fire which they left gradually communicated to the adjoining grass and brush. It did not break out very much until late yesterday and then it spread with speed. Thomas Grieve made every endeavor to prevent the fire from reaching the slide, but his work was in vain. He kept it back in places for a time, but it finally, about the time stated, reached the wood work. The wood was very dry and went with a rush. The tower was soon enveloped in flames and was quickly destroyed, the whole mass of burning timbers falling when the foundations weakened. The fire could be seen for miles and attracted the attention of a large number of people.

The toboggan slide and tower were built in the boom of 1892 by Brownlee & Norquay. It was a novelty at the time and used to attract great crowds. The tower was 60 feet high and covered, and offered the finest view obtainable from any point near the city. Mount Tolmie is not very high but rises abruptly and the view was unobstructed. The whole structure cost $1500 and was not insured.

In Your Blood

Is the cause of that tired, languid feeling which afflicts you at this season. The blood is impure and has become thin and poor. That is why you have no strength, no appetite, cannot sleep. Purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will give you an appetite, tone your stomach and invigorate your nerves.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

WARNING
$100 Reward

Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of tobacco with bronze in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our

MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO

Each plug of which is stamped with

T. & B. IN BRONZE.

Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with T. & B. Tin Tag.

The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

Frank Goodrich Charged With Obtaining Another Man's Letter and Draft.

Frank Rudolph Goodrich, a well known character around the city, is in a cell at the provincial police station charged with forgery. The arrest was made by Sergt. Langley.

In March last a letter from Portland addressed to R. Goodrich, of Victoria, arrived here, and was, according to the information furnished Superintendent Hussey, delivered to Frank R. Goodrich, the accused. Enclosed in the letter was a draft for $19 drawn by the Oregon Bank of Oregon City on the Commercial National Bank of Portland in favor of C. H. Dye. It was endorsed by Mr. Dye and forwarded to R. Goodrich. It is alleged that Frank R. Goodrich took this draft, which he obtained from the letter delivered to him, and endorsing it "R. Goodrich," obtained the money from the Bank of Montreal. On the strength of this information, received from the bank, R. Goodrich, who at present resides in Seattle, and other sources, Superintendent Hussey laid the information against F. R. Goodrich and he was arrested as above stated.

The accused was this morning formally charged with forgery before Police Magistrate Macrae, and at the request of the prosecution the case was remanded for a week to give them an opportunity of securing witnesses from across the line and thoroughly investigating the charge.

—Trout flies, rods, etc., at Fox's.

—Ice cream freezers at prices to suit everybody. Shore's hardware.

—Galvanized wire chicken fencing at cut prices. Shore's hardware.

—Don't melt and pour out of your clothes. Get into a negligé shirt. Don't cost much. Seventy-five cents for a good serviceable shirt and $1.50 to $2 for the very best. Sizes 14½ to 17½. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

THE GREAT SALT LAKE.

Some Facts Concerning Utah's Great Inland Sea and Its Surroundings.

Many Times More Salty Than the Ocean, and not far Behind Lot's Wife.

The Great Salt Lake is seventy miles long and fifty miles across its widest part. It has an area of 2,000 square miles, and of late years its greatest depth has not exceeded forty feet. In early summer this remarkable sea is two feet higher than it is in the fall owing to the melted snow brought down by its three largest tributaries, the Bear, Weber and Jordan rivers. The influx of fresh streams does not appreciably lessen the saltness of the main body of water, though its proportion of solid matter varies with the oscillation of its surface, being naturally greatest when the lake is shallowest. Those engaged in the manufacture of salt here say it takes six gallons of water to make one gallon of salt. If any one doubts that the water of the lake is taken up by evaporation, and leans to the hypothesis of an underground outlet, let him expose to the sun and wind of this high altitude a vessel of the same water, and see in what an incredibly short time the liquid is reduced to solids.

The Salt Lake shores are mostly gray flats of indescribable barrenness. The scant dwarf sage on the water's edge is often flowered with a delicate frostwork of salt spray. On the northern slopes and down the western border there are numberless springs running pure brine. But stranger than this is the fact that in several places fresh water gushes out of the sand on East Antelope within fifteen feet of the brimming lake basin. The one perfect beach is at Garfield, a dozen or so miles west of where the Jordan river is crossed and at the feet of the Oquirrhs—a grandly picturesque range, in whose clefts throughout the summer the snow lies like fallen clouds. The first bathing in the lake was done at Black rock, on Garfield beach, which has been a resort for picnickers since the early fifties.

The various groups of islands in this dead sea of the western continent are fragments of mountain chains gracefully strung out on the flashing bosom of this strange water. The largest and best known is Antelope, which was once used by the Mormons as a cattle corrall for the church herd. This island is sixteen miles long by four wide, and lies twenty miles off the south coast. The next in size is Stansbury, which is fourteen miles in length, while Freeman is seven miles and Carrington two-thirds as long as Freemont. The others, Strong's Knob, Gunnison and Dolphin, are grouped fifty miles to the northwest of Antelope, and are superb limestone cliffs, almost wholly without vegetation, and haunted by millions of gull and other sea fowl.

In 1849 Captain Howard Stansbury made a survey of those isolated points, since which time they have been visited on several occasions by scientists interested in their singular formation. A Salt Lake artist and writer, Alfred Lambourne, to whom was accorded the honor of painting the symbolic pictures that adorn the great temple—pictures that cannot be seen by Gentile eyes, as the interior of this beautiful edifice is sacred to Mormon rites—has made a study of these furthest islands, and feels for them a splendid enthusiasm. His trips over are made on the Cambria, a catamaran owned and sailed by Capt. Davis, who has spent the best part of thirty years on this water. The two are fast friends, and the most that is known of Strong's Knob and Gunnison comes from the captain's modest accounts and Lambourne's picture loving brush and pen.

The four largest islands are used as winter pastures for sheep or cattle, but all are uninhabited and without fresh water except Antelope, whose one house—an ancient abode built here by the Mormons fifty years ago—is occupied by the island herder and his family. There are many acres of grazing land on the eastern slope, and a few years ago, when the government set apart the Salt Lake islands as a reservation for our nearly extinct buffalo, some sixty American bison and forty elk were transported to Antelope. The owners of the island endeavored to breed the buffalo in with the Alderneys, but so far have not succeeded, the shaggy, fierce-eyed beasts rebelling at every approach to domestication. The elk proved even more unsatisfactory, for after a few days of restless roaming they took it into their antlered heads to swim back to the main shore in a body, and landed on a point fifteen miles from Antelope, where they were promptly shot down by the settlers thereabout.

Along the shores of the lake and in many of the island bays the water presents a remarkable appearance, a kind of madder red spread out for acres. Upon investigation the cause of this sanguinary color is found to be a thick layer of floating larvae, the chrysalides of worms the size and shape of an oat kernal. Where these accumulations exist an offensive smell is noticeable, and is one of the disagreeable features of these desolate shores. In early days the Utah Indians collected and dried the larvae, and used the mixture as a mush.

In the fall of the year the marshes at the mouths of the rivers that empty into the lake are covered by flocks of wild geese and ducks, with sometimes a stately blue heron or swan with beautiful white plumage. Their cheerful clatter and the fresh green of the coarse grass and singing weeds contrast delightfully with the dreary tints and solitariness of the immediate desert. There are also numbers of sea gulls, which visit the marshes to fish, coming thirty miles from their rookeries on Gunnison and its neighboring isles. The main food of the gulls is known to be the infinitesimal live things found in the bitter lake brine—a small winged shrimp, a smaller fly and its larvae, the black worm before alluded to—the three atomic creatures that comprise the animal life of the lake.

Bathing in the lake is one of the most delightful experiences imaginable. It is next to impossible to sink in such dense water, and one floats easily with head, arms, knees and feet entirely exposed, and this without moving as much as a finger. The bathers wabble this way and that like so many corks cast adrift. Swimming the old way is evidently hard work, but an habitue of these waters will throw his body high out and go hand over hand with a speed not excelled in fresh water. Salt Lake people will tell you what hard work the famous Boynton made in 1886 of his attempted swim to Antelope island, and the terrible sufferings he endured while buffeting about in his rubber suit all of one night. A wind from the northwest blew a stiff breeze, and the spray dashed in his face and hardened there into salt. In the morning the exhausted man was thrown up like a rubber ball in the marsh east of Black Rock on the main shore, and afterward declared:—

"A man can't get this water on his head and stand it. If I were forty feet under water in the worst storm the Atlantic ever knew, it wouldn't be as bad as being under one foot here. It was the weight of the water that knocked me out, and there isn't enough money in the world to tempt me to try it again."

One of the many mysteries of the Great Salt Lake in its irregular habit of shifting its bed. Three years ago saw the completion of a fashionable bathing resort on a point called Lakeside. The first summer people came by the thousands, and were enthusiastic in their praises of the bathing at Lake Park. But alas for the owners of the resort and the narrow gauge railroad that made hourly trips back and forth to the city! Before the next season opened the rows of bath houses stood up high and dry a quarter of a mile from the salt zone that confined the lake's liquid green; the red-roofed pavilion was deserted and wind-swept, the empty, sun-cracked benches were set forlornly about the unused walks; the lake had turned its back upon the park, and would have none of it. The handsome new buildings whose sole tenants are now "the birds of the air" and the horned toad, but add full desertness to the wide, lonely waste of Lakeside. The long wharf, once the mooring of pleasure craft, is left to the desultory use of stockmen, who anchor up an occasional cattle boat alongside after its bellowing cargo have been unloaded on the chute hard by.

One of the first things that strikes a new comer is the comparative absence of boat life on the Great Salt Lake. A sail in sight is the exception, and has rather a startling effect on the otherwise empty water. There are several schooners owned by private parties, a kind of toy steamer, called the Tuilla, that makes excusions out from Saltair, and the gay little Cambria. There are also two or three schooner rigged cattle boats, which are really the safest boats on the lake, and are used chiefly to transport stock from Antelope and Fremont.

LADY CYCLISTS.

The Views of a French Doctor on the Subject of Cycling.

The woman who bicycles is just now the cause of a great deal of talk, chiefly, it is to be feared, in spite of the "seriousness" that is characteristic of the day, distinctly frivolous in its tendency, and very much based upon "petticoats." Can it be that there is something inherently ridiculous in the idea of much physical exercise for women? or is it that she is invading a particularly masculine form of amusement.

True, Punch has looked with a kindly eye on the costume, and his damsel arrayed in a bicycling suit was a very bewitching person indeed, but perhaps that was perhaps she simply meant to wear it in working her sewing machine. Anyway, when "La Femme et la Bicyclette" is seen on the title page of the Nouvelle Revue for May 1, the reader feels at once that she can trust to the lively Gaul for a jocular treatment of the subject. And here she will be disappointed. No one could be more thoroughly in earnest than Dr. Just Championniere, de l'Academie de Medicine, in his most grave and weighty and scientific account of his latest discovery, that bicycling is the cure for every ill that female flesh is heir to.

No woman suffragist could explain more carefully that what makes for the better development of woman is for the good of the race; perhaps no champion of the "cause" could display such patience and moderation in demonstrating that the speediest way for her to gain complete equality, muscular, intellectual and moral, with man (O, ye New Women!) is by constant exercise on the bicycle. But so dispassionate is the French man of science that it cannot be denied he uses arguments in his pleading for the concession of the bicyclette to women that will hardly be palatable to either the "new" or the "eternal" type of the feminine.

To begin with, in explaining why he deems it necessary to devote twenty-four pages of the Nouvelle Revue to what, according to many, is only a freak of the most temporary nature, he tells us that the bicyclette for women has really a vogue, and one that will endure; which last assertion he supports by saying that ladies will of course be ardent in adopting a "sport" they can share with their male friends, one that offers them the supreme interest of a costume yet to be devised which shall be entirely suitable, while it must be a modification of the male attire so dear to the hearts of women. After this somewhat French opinion of the sort of dressmakerly attraction bicycling has, and will continue to have for women, he gives a beautiful "new" reason for encouraging them by every bait possible to adopt it.

Always keeping in view the benefit to the race in general by perfecting the female form and intellect, we are told that it is time we should begin to correct an error our civilization has long been responsible for in the treatment of women, who have been spoilt by an over indulgence most detrimental to their true well-being. Setting aside the working classes, the women of the day suffer from insufficient exercise and a too-stimulating diet. As soon as a girl is grown up she is kept from every form of violent exercise, and her life is generally one of physical repose. The result is that she has less vitality than her toiling sisters of the working class, whose food is of the plainest. He makes an exception in favor of English and American girls, and the girls of Northern Europe, but regrets that even they often give up outdoor exercise by the time they are 30. His idea is that horse exercise, either as women now ride or astride, is on the whole, not very suitable for women, and he really finds a great deal to prove that the ideal for them is bicycling. With a frankness that might be supposed to be British rather than French, he remarks that few women walk really well, and that often, even if they manage in doing so to satisfactorily balance the body, the effect is spoilt on the highways by a lamentable indecision at crossings. Now the bicycle, while it developes the upper and lower parts of the body, often traverses thoroughfares where distances must be nicely calculated, and the rider is thus trained in eye and hand, and becomes a better judge of possibilities in walking. Dr. Championniere allows that at the present stage of things the field for comparisons is limited; but he has taken every opportunity for observation, and has found in all cases that the development of muscles is here accompanied by a very marked improvement in respiration. And it is comforting to have a critical Frenchman's assurance that beauty of form, rather than being forfeited by it, is enhanced, and that the much-dreaded consequence, a round back, is an impossibility. Shortness of breath and a tendency to obesity, he considers the two worst results of the modern woman's mode of life, and here the bicycle is invaluable. He even cites an instance of a lady of unusual feebleness of breathing and general health who, after three years' regular exercise on it, gained a vigor beyond that of her strongest contemporaries.

One curious thing he notes is that it is not a practice that has been enthusiastically adopted by young girls, its devotees, on the contrary, being mostly quite formed women, generally verging on 30, and often much older. All the same, he thinks that the earlier it is begun the better, and advocates it as the "sport de famille" par excellence.

Last, but not least, it should interest every male who has the good of his womankind and his own comfort at heart to hear that the virtues in which the feminine part of the population are most deficient can be best acquired while braving the elements and taking a wholesome share of the ups and downs of life on a bicycle. The French doctor has noticed that women seldom read maps well, are not good at making out routes, and even lack power to grasp the general features of a landscape; also that they are sadly wanting in discipline, some kinds of courage and patience. How bicycling will supply all these qualities it is possible to imagine for oneself; or if not we must refer the reader to Dr. Just Championniere, who clearly demonstrates that training for the intellect and morals can be got from the bicycle just as much as for the muscles or the nervous system.—London Queen.

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8 30 pm	Lv	98	...Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	...Townsend...	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle....	38	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...Tacoma...	31	Lv	8 00 am

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Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
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For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24.

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

South Bound, Read Up. No. 1 Pass. Daily.		No. 3 Pass. Sat. Su.	North Bound, Read Down. No. 2 Pass. Daily.		No. 4 Pass. Sat. Su.	STATIONS.	No. 1 Pass. Daily.		No. 3 Pass. Sat. Su.
Ar 12 20 pm		Ar 6 30 pm	Dp 8 00 am		Dp 4 30 pm	Victoria	Dp 8 30 am		Ar 6 30 pm
12 10		6 15	8 10		4 15	Duncans	8 50		6 15
12 05		6 05	8 17		4 08	Shawnigan	8 57		6 08
12 00		6 00	8 22		4 03	Cobble Hill	9 02		6 03
11 53		5 53	8 28		3 57	Cowichan	9 08		5 57
11 45		5 45	8 36		3 49	Somenos	9 16		5 49
11 35		5 35	8 46		3 39	Chemainus	9 26		5 39
11 10		5 10	9 05		3 20	Nanaimo	9 45		5 20
10 45		4 45	9 30		2 55	Wellington	10 10		4 55
10 30		4 30	9 45		2 40	Extension	10 25		4 40
Dp 8 30 am		3.00 pm	Ar 11 00 a		Ar 6 30	Wellington	Dp 12 00		Ar 2 00

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

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TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

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The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

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NOT UP TO REQUIREMENTS

Test of the Electric Light Plant Unsatisfactory and Another to be Held.

Short Session of the Council Last Evening—Estimates on Street Work.

Short meetings are now in order with the city council. That august body only deliberated 50 minutes last evening at the regular session, but will have another meeting on Friday next. All of the members except Ald. Partridge were present and several rather important matters were considered. Superintendent Hutcheson reported that the test of the electric light plant had not been satisfactory and another test is to be held.

George Glover wrote saying that as there was no longer any sewerage commission he would apply to the council direct for a settlement of the dispute over sewer contract No. 3. Referred to the sewerage committee and city engineer.

W. J. Dwyer wrote accepting a place on the board of directors of Jubilee hospital and thanked the council for the honor conferred on him. Received and filed.

J. A. Grant wrote in regard to the expense of deepening the channel of Colquitz stream to drain the lowlands of section 9, Lake district, and for further information on the subject. Referred to the water commissioner.

D. F. Fee wrote calling attention to the dangerous condition of the covering of the water cistern at Quadra and North Park streets. Referred to the fire wardens.

John Wallace, secretary of the 12th of July celebration committee, applied for permission to erect an arch at the corner of Yates and Douglas streets, and also asked that the streets along the line of march be swept and springled for the occasion. Requests granted.

City Engineer Wilmot reported in regard to the draining of Belmont avenue as requested by B. W. Pearse, that it would be necessary to lay a drain along the avenue to Cadboro Bay road and along the road 800 or 900 feet, that the depth of the excavation at the junction of the avenue and road would be fourteen feet and that the estimated cost of a box drain would be $400. A vitrified pipe drain would cost $800 additional. The engineer in the same report gave the estimated cost of grading and macadamizing Tolmie avenue from the Saanich road to the railway crossing as $1200.

Ald. Humphrey said that Belmont avenue was not opened through and he doubted if it had ever been taken over by the city. He only knew of one house on the street that needed to be drained.

Ald. Macmillan said it was really a farm drain and the natural way was across Mr. Pearse's farm. There were no houses to be drained.

The report went to the street committee.

Superintendent Hutcheson reported recommending that an engineer be engaged for the electric light station, and that the man engaged be a certificated man. He also recommended that a horse be purchased for the lamp trimmer.

Ald. Hall wanted to know why Mr. Carson had been deposed as engineer.

The whole matter was referred to the electric light committee with power to call for applications for the position of engineer and tenders for the horse.

The mayor said Mr. Carson could apply with the rest.

Supt. Hutcheson presented the following report in regard to the test of the electric plant:

"The test began at 9. p.m. on June 27 and continued until 4 a.m. on June 28—in all seven hours' run. The intention was to run ten hours as per contract, but owing to the excessive vibration of the floor and two dynamos, and the breaking down of one of the dynamos in consequence, I deemed it advisable to shut down the plant, as sufficient data was on hand to determine the fuel consumption. The following is a correct report of the data obtained:

Duration of test, 7 hours.
Total amount of fuel used, 2,780 lbs.
Water evaporated per lb. of coal, 8.08 lbs
Amount of fuel used on the basis of 1 lb of coal evaporating 9 lbs. of water, 2,474.02 lbs
Average load during the test, 169.5 h.p.
Coal used per h.p. per hour, 2.30 lbs.
Variation of engine speed during test, 2 per cent.

"The amount of fuel used per horse power being slightly in excess of the consumption specified, and also the variation of speed being in excess, Mr. R. Hamilton proposes making some improvements in the regulator which will overcome this last mentioned defect. I recommend that another test be made of five hours' duration—as with a steady loaded engine a ten hours' test is a waste of carbon and fuel—and that the Hamilton Engine Company be notified that another test is necessary and the date of the same arranged. I would also recommend the stiffening of the floor under the dynamos, as the vibration as at present will cause excessive wear of plant."

Ald. Macmillan suggested that the council be notified in ample time before the test.

Ald. Williams believed the new engineer should be present at the test. Mr. Hutcheson was not an engineer, yet he watched the last test. He believed the two positions should be combined anyhow.

The report was referred to the electric light committee.

Residents of Primrose avenue applied for improved water supply and better drainage. The report was referred to the water and streets committees.

The finance committee reported recommending the appropriation of $1524.83 out of the general revenue, $67.87 out of the electric light loan and $19.60 out of the water works loan. The reports all took the usual course.

The mayor drew attention to the donation of a lot of books and illustrated papers from Thomas Moffett. A vote of thanks was passed on motion of Ald. Macmillan, seconded by Ald. Hall.

The streets committee recommended that Hales & Bell be authorized to lay a block pavement crossing six feet wide across Yates street on the east side of Government street.

Ald. Wilson said he looked upon wood paving as a back number. At Seattle he had seen the vitrified brick paving and it was a great success.

Ald. McLellan urged that they put down the wood and try the experiment.

The report was received and adopted.

The selection of a city solicitor was laid over for a week.

The sewerage commissioners' appointment and the sewerage assessment amendment by-law, 1895, was reconsidered, adopted and finally passed.

Ald. Williams called attention to a dangerous place on Johnson street where a building was torn down. Ald. Humphrey will look into the matter.

The council went into committee on the tax by-law, 1895, amended it slightly, and reported it complete with amendments.

The board adjourned at 8:50 until Friday night.

BOUNDARY CREEK MINES.

A Promising Outlook—Some Rich Ore Discoveries.

Midway, Boundary Creek, July 3.—The mining outlook of the Kettle river, of which Midway is the centre, never gave such bright promises for the near future as at the present time. Ever since the beginning of the year mining experts of wide reputation, and representing immense capital, have been continually coming into the country with the intention of looking over the Boundary mountain mining camps, and all have reported most favorably on the future prospects of the country. Many claims have been bonded and a few have already been sold for comparatively large sums. The Parrott smelting company, of Butte, Montana, have had experts operating for them for the last eight months, and have been quietly securing all the good properties possible. Their last purchase was the Snowshoe claim in Greenwood camp; the price paid was not definitely known, but it is said to be in the neighborhood of $40,000.

Prospectors have been working hard ever since the snow left the mountains, and quite a number of promising claims have been located, and still there is a great deal of country not yet covered. The discovery, however, that has excited the most interest among local miners and prospectors was made the latter part of April by Messrs. Bosshart and Dettmer. On April 24th, while prospecting on Boundary mountain, about eighteen miles northeast of Midway, they discovered a three-foot vein of white quartz, which, on being broken with the pick, showed some free gold to the naked eye. They immediately staked out the ground, naming the claim the Gold Drop, and three days later located another vein about three-quarters of a mile to the north of the Gold Drop, which they called the Jewel. The vein on this claim carries the same kind of quartz as the Gold Drop, and although no work has yet been done on it, it is thought by some to be the richer property of the two.

The Gold Drop vein has been traced for nearly two miles, and shows up large and strong for the whole distance. Three other claims and a fraction of 400 feet have been located on the same vein, and the prospectors are all now hard at work developing their properties. Already the owners of the Gold Drop have a shaft fifteen feet deep, and the rock seems to improve with depth. Your correspondent, while visiting the camp a few days ago, picked up several small pieces of quartz from the dump, all showing free gold. As yet no assay has been made of the quartz from this claim but from the adjoining claim, the North Star, located by Mr. C. L. Thomet, an assay was made of a specimen in which no gold was visible to the eye, and the returns gave $214 in gold and 65 5-10 ounces silver.

Up to the time of writing there have been ten other locations made in this camp, which, by the way, has been named after the discovery claim, the Gold Drop. If these prospects only hold to any depth what they show near the surface the hardy prospectors of Boundary mountain will have little left to wish for.

Col. Doyle is pushing work on the Cariboo mine at Camp McKinney very fast. He has erected a new steam hoisting machinery to take the place of the old horse whim, and work is never stopped one minute. His new shaft is already down 127 feet, and the mineral shows up as well as in any other part of the mine, which is saying a great deal, when it is considered that the Cariboo has been a paying claim from the time the stamp was first started to work.

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Schome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning, excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with N.P. R.R. train for the east. Returning, she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sundays, arriving here at 4 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific R. R. office.

JUBILEE HOSPITAL BOARD

Last Evening's Meeting of the Board of Directors—Officers Elected.

Chinese Question Resurrected, Discussed and Disposed Of—Long Session.

The first meeting of the new board of directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital was held last evening in the office of Messrs. Yates & Jay. There were present Messrs. Joshua Davies, A. Wilson, W. J. Dwyer, J. S. Yates, Chas. Hayward, George Byrnes, J. L. Crimp, I. Braverman, William Chudley, Thomas Shotbolt, George Brown, H. M. Yates and J. D. Pemberton.

Mr. Alexander Wilson was appointed chairman until the regular officers were appointed. The first business before the meeting was the election of a president, and Mr. J. S. Yates nominated Mr. J. D. Pemberton for that office. Mr. Yates explained that he did this not from any dissatisfaction with the late president but because he believed in the principle that no man should hold office for a term of years. J. L. Crimp seconded the nomination. Mr. Wilson vacated the chair for the purpose of nominating Joshua Davies for president. Mr. Wilson spoke of the valuable services which Mr. Davies had rendered as president in the past and felt that no better appointment could be made. Seconded by Mr. Chudley. Mr. Pemberton, who arrived at this juncture, was consulted as to whether he would accept office if elected, and declined, whereupon Joshua Davies was declared elected by acclamation. Mr. Davies then took the chair and expressed his appreciation of the confidence placed in him.

George Byrnes was elected vice-president; W. M. Chudley was re-elected to the office of treasurer, and H. M. Yates, secretary.

W. J. Dowler wrote notifying the board of the appointment of Messrs. C. Hayward, J. L. Crimp, W. J. Dwyer and H. D. Helmcken to the board of directors by the city council.

The provincial secretary wrote asking that certain statistical information be furnished his department. Received and filed.

A communication was read from the resident physician suggesting to the board that a patient now discharged be proceeded against for fees due the hospital. Referred to the committee of the month.

A lengthy communication was received from Dr. J. D. Helmcken calling the attention of the board to certain errors in the annual reports and making various suggestions for improvements at the hospital. Laid upon the table for further consideration at a special meeting. A committee consisting of Messrs. Yates, Pemberton and Hayward was appointed to consult the staff of visiting physicians in re Dr. Helmcken's suggestions and report at the special meeting.

The report of the resident physician was read and referred to the committee of the month.

The matron reported that the Countess of Aberdeen had presented the hospital with a copy of "Onward and Upward," also the receipt of various contributions from residents. The board expressed their thanks to the several donors and instructed the secretary to forward a letter of thanks to Lady Aberdeen.

The steward reported the receipt of contributions from Messrs. Elford and Jay, who were also thanked for their kindness.

The monthly report of the medical officer was received and filed.

Mr. Byrnes called the attention of the board to the matter of the scavenging done at the hospital. He was sure that it could be done for less money than was now paid.

The various standing committees were appointed for the ensuing year, and the secretary was instructed to call for tenders for the various supplies.

Mr. Dwyer spoke against purchasing the supply of vegetables from Chinese or patronizing them in any way. Mr. Hayward was also of the opinion that none but white persons should be patronized and moved, seconded by Mr. Dwyer, that a clause prohibiting Chinese from tendering be inserted in the advertisement by the secretary. A lengthy discussion followed in which Messrs. Brown, Yates, Wilson and Chudley pointed out the trouble which the board had had over this matter before. It was found that there was considerable additional expense and poorer satisfaction when they were dealing with white men exclusively. Mr. Wilson wanted the prohibitory clause to be sweeping, if anything—debarring Chinese, Japs and Indians from competition. In his opinion it was an un-British sentiment.

Mr. Byrnes also showed how absurd it was to attempt to purchase vegetables entirely from white men, who, if they did not employ Chinese in their gardens were certain to purchase from the Chinese at particular seasons of the year. Mr. Hayward's motion was lost.

President Davies drew the attention of the board to a communication which he had received from W. Gordon, who called his attention to the cost of maintaining similar institutions in London, England as described in the columns of Tit-Bits.

The meeting adjourned at 10:45.

Impure blood is the cause of boils, pimples and other eruptions. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures these troubles.

All seeking recreation by Lake, River or Mountain
Should supply themselves with
Johnston's Fluid Beef,

Which will materially assist in restoring exhausted vitality.
Convenient for Camping-out parties.
In small compass supplying good Meat diet.

To Cheer up, Use Adams' TUTTI FRUTTI
Sold by Druggists and Confectioners.
It Aids Digestion wonderfully, and gives tone to the system.
See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" is on each wrapper.
Refuse Imitations.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Lot 3, Block XVI; lot 25, block XVIII; lot 12, block XIX; lots 13 and 23, block XX; lot 17, block XXX; lots 20 and 38, block XXXI; lot 26, block XXXIV lot 1, block XXXV; lot 4, block XXXVII; lots 2 and 20, block XXXIX; the easterly 2-3 of lot 23, block XL; lot 13, block XLVIII; lot 2, block L; lot 7, block LI; part of district lot 185, in the city of Vancouver.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above lots will be issued to James Charles Prevost, guardian of the estate of Ernest Wilfred Pratt, otherwise known as Ernest Pratt, on the 28th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming the estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

T. O TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.
Land Registry Office, Vancouver, 24th June, 1895. 3m.

Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of the Application of Peter Steele for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the following portions of Sections XXXI and XXXII., Esquimalt District, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of land forming a portion of Section XXXII., Esquimalt District, together known as Lots 20 and 21, according to a survey and plan made by R. Homfray, C. E., and more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at the N. E. corner of said section, thence running westerly along the northern boundary of said section 394 links, thence south 475 links, thence easterly to the eastern boundary of said section, 351 links; thence northward along the said boundary to the point of beginning, 562 links.

Also that piece or parcel of land known as Buckley's Orchard, and forming a portion of Section XXXI. Esquimalt District, more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the said section 14 feet six inches distant from the N. E. corner of before mentioned Section XXXII., thence running easterly along the said boundary 400 feet, thence southerly and parallel to the eastern boundary of the first above described piece of land 325 feet, thence at right angles west 350 feet, thence north to the point of beginning, 198 feet.

Also all that piece or parcel of land forming another portion of Section XXXI., Esquimalt District, bounded as follows, viz.: On the west by the last described piece of land known as Buckley's Orchard, on the south by a line drawn from the south easterly corner of said last described piece to the Craigflower road and parallel to the northern boundary of the said Section XXXI., to the eastward by the Craigflower road, and to the northward by the northern boundary of said Section XXXI.

NOTICE is hereby given that a certificate of indefeasible title to the above lands will be issued to Peter Steele on the 30th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by a person claiming an estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, June 24, 1895.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Have used will use again. Invigorates those organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of none. Sent anywhere, $1.00 per particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.
A POSITIVE CURE in 1 to 5 days for Nervous Debility, Weakness of Body, Nervous and Sexual Weakness, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Wasting Diseases, Lost Power, Headache, Pain in the Back, Premature Old Age, Loss of Power in either sex, caused by Abuse, Excess, Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Prevents Insanity, Consumption, Epilepsy, Fits, Premature Decay, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Wasting Pains, Lassitude, Pimples on the Face, Loss of Power, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SCENES ON FATHER THAMES.

Cornell Rows Over the Course and Claims the Race—Leanders Will Protest.

Canadians at Bisley, Saratoga and Philadelphia—Other Sporting Events.

Henley, July 9.—The weather this morning was warm and cloudy. The wind blew from the Bucks shore, giving the crews there a great advantage. The Cornells have the Bucks shore in their race with the Leander crew this afternoon. The Cornells rose early this morning, and, after a light breakfast, which was preceded by a good rub down, arrived at the boat house at 9.20 in good spirits. Hager, Fennell and Spellman especially showed marked improvement. Hager in conversation with the Associated Press, said: "I think I am all right again, though not as fit as a week ago." Spellman and Fennell re-echoed his sentiments when they said: "We will make the race of our lives, and hope for the best results."

C. H. Munz, captain and stroke of the Argonaut crew, said: "The Cornell boys are coming out all right. Their quick, short stroke is to be their favorite at the start, which is everything over this course."

In the first heat for the grand challenge cup at noon Trinity Hall rowing club Cambridge, beat the London rowing club eight easily by four lengths in 7 minutes 36 seconds. A head wind was blowing and prevented making fast time. Trinity Hall had the Bucks, or the most favorable shore of the course. In the first heat for the Thames challenge cup, St. John's College Oxford boat club beat the eight of the Thames rowing club by a length and a half in 7 minutes 57 seconds. In the second heat for the grand challenge cup, the Eton College crew beat the eight of the Thames rowing club. In the first heat for the visitors' challenge cup the Trinity Hall Cambridge crew beat the four of the Caius College, Cambridge.

In the second heat for the Thames challenge cup the crew of the Nereds boat club of Amsterdam beat the crew of the Lady Margaret (St. John's College, Cambridge), boat club.

THE GRAND CHALLENGE CUP.

Mr. Chas. Courtney, the coach of the Cornell crew, was sick in bed this morning and did not come down to the boat house with the young men from Ithaca. They left their oat house at 10 o'clock and paddled slowly to the starting point. The weather was warm and cloudy; a light wind was blowing from the Buck shore.

The scene on the river was one of unusual animation, even for Henley-on-Thames. A large fleet of house-boats and other craft were moored along the banks of the Bucks shore, gayly decorated with flags and flowers. The course was staked out with white posts upon which numerous signal flags were flying.

The Cornell crew entered their boat at the following weights: M. W. Rose, '96, bow, 169lb.; H. O. Spellman, '97, Tonawanda, N. Y., a member of the freshman crew of last year, No. 2, 162 lbs.; E. C. Hazer, '95, Buffalo, N. Y., who rowed in the freshman and 'varsity crew in '94, No. 3, 166 lbs.; F. W. Freeborn, '97, Ithaca, N. Y., rowed in the freshman and 'varsity crew in '94, No. 4, 171 lbs.; T. Fennell, jr., Elmira, N. Y., first year rowing, No. 5, 173 lbs.; Geo. P. Dyer, '95, No. 6, 161 lbs.; C. A. Louiss, '97, Brooklyn, N. Y., member of the freshman crew last year, No. 7, 169 lbs.; Tom Hall, known as the "veteran" stroke of the freshman's and 'varsity crews for three years, stroke, 174 lbs.; F. D. Colson, '97, Buffalo, N. Y., coxswain of the freshmen's crew of last year, coxswain, 109lb. To these weights were added three pounds dead weight to make up the minimum required for the coxswain.

The crew of the Leander boat club entered their boat as follows: C. W. N. Graham, bow, 140 lbs.; J. A. Ford, No. 2, 166 lbs.; S. Graham, No. 3, 169 lbs.; F. J. G. Duncan, No. 4, 187 lbs.; W. B. Stewart, No. 5, 187 lbs.; C. D. Burnell, No. 6, 188 lbs.; M. C. Pilkington, No. 7, 172lbs.; C. W. Kent, stroke, 151lb.; F. C. Begg, coxswain, 119lb. It will thus be seen that there are 24 pounds difference in the weights, omitting the coxswains.

Judging by the number of American flags flying on all sides, and by the many familiar faces on and about the water, it was estimated that there were fully 500 Americans present. They came by coach and by train from London prepared to sustain Cornell with cheering and every other mark of encouragement possible.

The members of the Cornell glee club and fully 300 American students and their friends assembled in little knots along the course with flags in their hands and streamers on their umbrellas and sticks prepared to encourage the Cornell crew.

The Leanders at the word started, half of the crew pulling for dear life, but the others turned and shouted "No, not ready." The umpire waved his hand to Cornell, which crew had taken the water promptly when the word was given, shot ahead and continued over the course. The umpire's boat at first did not follow, and the Leander crew with Coxswain F. G. Begg in a terrible rage, pulled their boat towards the umpire's launch, and Begg said, "I told you we were not ready." The umpire made no reply and the launch steamed ahead after the Cornell crew, who were now far down the course. The Leanders, until the umpire's launch passed away out of shouting distance, continued to shout wildly, "We were not ready. Why did you so serve us?" But the umpire did not look at them and increased the speed of his launch. In the meantime the Cornell crew, pulling a steady, even stroke, seemed satisfied that they were in the right in continuing the race. In passing the end of Regatta Island, F. D. Colson, Cornell coxswain, half turned and held up his hand towards the umpire's launch.

But the umpire waved them on and Colson, with a satisfied look, quickly resumed his position, gave a sharp order to the crew, who had relaxed the tremendous pace at which they started. Upon reaching the half-mile post the crowds began to thicken and the Cornell boys were loudly cheered. A few feet beyond this there were excited shouts coming from both banks of the river and the words, "Where are the Leanders, why don't they come, are they lost?" could be heard at every few feet. "An English crew would never have kept on," said an excited Britisher. On the grand stand among the Americans the feeling was one of great disappointment, and one American said, "Well, I would rather they would lick us than have the thing like this." However, the universal opinion among the rowing authorities here was that Cornell was perfectly right in rowing over the course, and that they could have done nothing else in the face of the umpire's order. Every few feet on the way to the finish line the excitement increased. Near the finish the suspense was tremendous. The umpire steamed up to the press stand amid great excitement and loud exclamations from all sides, but he was not in any way dismayed as he said, "The race is Cornell's. Leander did not start." The Cornell crew got a very good reception as they passed the winning post in great style, but there was some "booing" mingled with English cheers and Cornell yells. The Cornell crew approached their boat house looking as if they had been defeated, and their friends who were waiting for them were almost afraid of the result of the race. Finally a venturesome reporter put the question to the crew asking them if Cornell was victorious, and three or four of the Cornellers solemnly nodded in reply.

Cornell rowed over the course in 8 minutes 11 seconds, and won. The St. James Gazette says the Leander crew will probably protest against the decision of the umpire in allowing the Cornell crew to row over the course when the former crew had announced that they were not ready to start.

The Grand Challenge cup was first competed for in 1839. The Leander Rowing Club, composed mainly of ex-Oxford and Cambridge men, are holders of this trophy and the Leander Boat Club hold the record for this race, which is six minutes 51 seconds, made in 1891 over the Henley course.

In the second heat for the diamond sculls, the Hon. Rupert Guiness defeated F. H. Thompson, of the Argonauts of Toronto.

THE STEWART'S CUP.

The crew of the London rowing club and the Argonaut rowing club of Toronto started in the first heat for the Stewart's challenge cup for fours at 4 p.m. The Canadians were the first away, R. G. Munz setting the pace at 43 to the minute, which placed them a length ahead. But at the half mile post the London crew had gained on the crew from Toronto and they raced almost nose and nose down to the mile post, which was passed at 4:13:58, rowing 46 strokes to the minute. The Argonauts gained a slight advantage, but the pace told and F. H. Thompson splashed badly. The two boats from that time continued to race on about even terms, amid great excitement, until within a few feet of the finish, when the London crew put on a splendid spurt and won by about two feet in 8 minutes 1 second.

The race between the London crew and the Argonauts of Toronto, was close and exciting. The former won by two feet only.

In the first heat for the silver goblet the Thames crew beat the Lady Margaret, Cambridge, and in the second heat the London rowing club beat the New College, Oxford.

The Dutchmen simply walked away from the Lady Margaret crew. They received the heartiest kind of applause as they crossed the line ahead of the home crew.

The Eton crew were enthusiastically cheered as they won the second heat for the grand challenge cup, beating the Thames rowing club. It was the loudest cheering of the day.

In the first heat for the Stewart's challenge cup the London four defeated the Argonauts of Canada.

In the first heat for the diamond sculls Guy Nickells rowed over the course, his brother Vivian having scratched.

In the second heat F. H. Thompson, of Toronto, who was much exhausted after the Argonauts were defeated by the London rowing club in the race for the Stewart's challenge cup, has to meet the Hon. Rupert Guiness, of the Leander boat club.

Every hotel, cottage, private residence, boat house, steam launch, electric launch, row boats of all sizes and descriptions were occupied in some shape or other. Both the Berkshire and the Buckinghamshire sides of the river, popularly known as "Berks and Bucks," were alive with people and the waters swarmed with small craft taking part in the grand aquatic picnic. The blending of colors was really marvellous. The most perfect order prevailed and everything went with clockwork regularity. The regatta committee assigned a position to every boat in the river; this rule also prevailed in the case of camping and coaching parties. Every boat had a distinguishing color. The organization was simply perfect and the arrangements were carried out with a precision and promptitude that was nothing short of marvellous.

Flags of all colors, sizes and shapes, mingled with costumes of every variety and hue imaginable, topped off with a mushroom growth of many-colored parasols and umbrellas. From the ancient stone bridge above the finish to the startling line below Regatta Island, the water near the banks of the Thames was jammed with every sort of small craft known to aquatic humanity, crowded to its utmost capacity with male and female rowing enthusiasts and all clothed in the latest of boating costumes. The house boats are one of the great features of Henley regattas, and must be seen to be appreciated. Some of them are simply barges with rough wooden houses upon them and their roofs and windows loaded with flower boxes and flower pots; others are really little floating palaces, hidden under the canopies of growing vines and nearly all at night are plentifully decorated with strings of Chinese lanterns, giving to the river a most pleasant illumination, especially as mosquitos are almost unknown on the banks of the Thames. On board these house boats, commencing the day before the regatta, there is an incessant round of entertainments of all descriptions, and consequently there is from this pretty pleasure fleet, almost at all times, the gentle murmuring of sweet music, which seems only to be interrupted by the races.

THE OAR.

AT SARATOGA.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 8.—The Winnipeg boat club, of Winnipeg, Man., has entered in the intermediate and senior four-oared shells.

CRICKET.

ONTARIO-PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 8.—The Ontario cricketers started their second game at Manheim to-day, having this time as their opponents an eleven chosen from the various local cricket clubs, but which was by no means a thoroughly representative one. When the stumps were drawn each side had played one full inning with the score: Ontario, 154; Philadelphia, 127.

UNIVERSITY PLAYERS.

London, July 8.—The team of university cricketers which are to play in America this fall has partly been made. It will leave Southampton by the American liner St. Louis on August 24th next and is expected back in England about October 19th.

THE RIFLE.

BISLEY MEETING.

London, July 9.—The Bisley rifle meeting opened to-day with glorious weather for sport. Of Canadian riflemen in the Flood-Page competition, Lieut. Mitchell and Messrs. Reddon and Rolston each scored 31 and Chamberlain 32.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The yacht Apollo, of Seattle, M. C. Aker, owner and master, arrived last night. She will very likely remain in port for some time.

W. T. Franklin, of the Amities, hurt his arm on Saturday while stealing a base, and will be unable to play ball for a few days.

An important meeting of the Victoria Wheelmen's Club is called for this evening.

At this evening's meeting of the Victoria Gun Club arrangements will be made for the annual hunters' picnic.

The Vancouver junior four-oared crew are coming to Victoria a week previous to the regatta of the 19th and 20th to practice on the course.

AYER'S Hair VIGOR

Restores natural color to the hair, and also prevents it falling out. Mrs. H. W. Fenwick, of Digby, N. S., says:

"A little more than two years ago my hair began to turn gray and fall out. After the use of one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair was restored to its original color and ceased falling out. An occasional application has since kept the hair in good condition."—Mrs. H. F. Fenwick, Digby, N. S.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for three years, and it has restored hair, which was fast becoming gray, back to its natural color."—H. W. Haselhoff, Paterson, N. J.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ayer's Pills cure Sick Headache.

For First-class Footwear, Faultless Fit and Finest Finish, in Foremost Fashions, at Fairest Figures,

Blacks and Tans.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets

JUST READY

New Season's Strawberry & Gooseberry Jam

VERY DELICIOUS. FALCONER'S.

A large quantity of strawberry boxes for sale very cheap.

Summer Suits to Order for $16

At R. J. MATTHEWS', Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St

First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $10. Good Pants to order from $3.50. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.

101 DOUGLAS ST.

MARRIED.

SMALL-WADSWORTH—On the 9th inst., at Pandora avenue Methodist church, by Rev. S. Cleaver, Frank Anderson Small to Emma Honour Wadsworth, both of Victoria.

STAHL-ALLEN—On the 9th inst., at Christ Church Cathedral, by the Rev. Canon Beanlands, Eugene Clyde Stahl, of Juneau, Alaska, to Elizabeth Belle Allen.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer R. P. Rithet from Westminster—Mr and Mrs. McNeely, Mr and Mrs T E Ladner, Miss Wood, Mrs Wood, Miss Kemp, Miss Shaw, Mrs. Blackie, Miss McDonald, Sister Mary Providence, Mrs. Samuels, W Carey, J Punch, W Holmes, Rev White, J Ramsay, J Shaw, R. B. Oxley, P Hunter and H Ackley.

Per steamer Schome from the Sound—J Pope, Blanche Winters, B Simon, W Irestn, W A Reardon, and sister, O N Hewitt, D Deversle, G F Davis, Mrs Phillips, B W Murray, O Anderson, H L O'Brien, Mrs Tanner, Mrs Young, Miss Smith, J. Pope, B Crouse and sister, Mrs Wolfe, Mrs Crawford, Geo Eaton, Mrs I. Bass, Mrs Beaugeaut, T Shaw, M E Baker, Mrs Harrison, Miss Sehl, J T Huff, M Hudson, J C Byrnie, and sister, Flora Row, R Bacon, J Ganner, D Phillips, wife and sister, L. Wilson.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Lenz & Leiser, Speed Bros, R A Brown, Weller Bros, James Summers, E A McBain, T N Hibben, Valo & Brooks, G C Learned, G Marsden.

Per steamer R. P. Rithet from Westminster—W J Pendray, Sayward Mill Co, S Leiser, Chungranee, C Cristodolo, J & A Clearihue, Okell & Morris, C P N Co, ltd, Turner B & Co, Shallcross & McAulay, T Redding, T C Mead, Agent Dom Exp Co.

Impure blood is the cause of boils, pimples and other eruptions. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures these troubles.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

JULY.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

....ONE NIGHT ONLY....

Friday, July 12th.

COL. W. J. FIFE

And his own Company of

75 PEOPLE 75

..IN..

Richelieu.

Prices, $1.00, 75c., and Gallery 50c.

Sale of Seats opens Monday morning, July 8th, at 9 o'clock, at Jamieson's.

NOTICE.

..THE..

Union Assurance Society

A.D. 1874, OF LONDON,

(Capital and accumulated funds over $15,000,000.00).

Has reinsured all existing policies of the

Eastern Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

Eastern policy holders in Victoria may exchange their policies for those of the Union free of charge by applying to

J. ST. CLAIR BLACKETT,

General Agent, 74 Yates st., Victoria, B.C.

T. L. MORRISSEY,

Resident Manager.

Montreal, 8th June, 1895.

Merit Speaks.

You cannot hide a light under a bushel, nor can you keep from the public the merits of the

Heintzman and Nordheimer Pianos.

THEY SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES TRUMPET TONGUED.

PEOPLE PRAISE THEM. HEARERS LIKE THEM. AND WE GUARANTEE THEM.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,

Agents.

Summer Is Here,

AND HAS COME TO STAY.....

Get your washing done early in the morning by using

Pendray's "Electric" Soap,

and go on a picnic in the afternoon. Do not rub, rub all day by using inferior soap. Patronize home industry.

GILT EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.

Eastern Pork & Provision Store,

NO. 13, CITY MARKET.

Having made arrangements with one of the best Creameries to handle their butter, have now on hand a choice lot in small tubs for family use. Prices low.

Good Dairy Butter. .....10c., 15c., 20c.
Eggs ....12 1-2c., 15c., 20c.

MEDIUM.

Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on Mrs. Dr. Mearchant. She gives valuable information on all business; can talk with your spirit friends, and for uniting the separated has no equal. Call and be convinced of her wonderful spirit power. Room No. 1, News York Hotel. jl4-1m

Call at 74 Yates Street, for all kinds of

Wire Meat Covers, Wire Screens, ...
Wire Fly Traps, Wire Strainers, ...
Wire Clothes Lines, Wire Lawn Rakes,
Wire Fruit Holders, Wire Bird Cages,

All kinds of Tinware and Agateware cheap for cash.

R. Kenny & Co.

"EASTERN."

The above Fire Insurance Co. having gone out of business, I beg to notify my patrons that all Policies are guaranteed by the Union Assurance Society of London, until expiration, which I shall be pleased to continue same in the

Imperial Fire Insurance Co.

OF LONDON.

Established in 1803, with Assets of

$9,000,000.

BEAUMONT BOGGS,

(Late General Agent Eastern.)